

Colo Return J. Meyer

Agent of war -

Captain Sparks West Point

James Chasolms
Letter recd. 5th July
not dated

Dear Sir I Received your letter informing of me that some body had made a complaint against me for that complaint is false as there is know suite ^{me} fetchend against as I know you in the world if there had I am shure the Sheriff would have served the Pitt or a tried to Dowsell as I saw him before I went into the nation and since I Returned my place of Residence is in one mile of Telecow Blockhouse I am know there ready to settle with any man that I ow and abide by the Laws of my cuntry as I never fled to the cherokee nation to avoide the Laws of my cuntry nothing but buisness of importance to me crried me there - I have just returned from the Shoal a seeing Doublehead about my Negrow I demanded him of him as you told me to do and tendered the money in the presence of John Walker and white man named Rufus walbrige I have had him before Mage Lovley and he took his deposition about the walther I can have him taken again

the reason that Double Head said he would
not give up the negro for was that he ¹⁰¹⁷
had bought him from Igboholm if
he did buy him from him he knew he was
none of his property and that he had
no right to sell him he has that for an
excuse and many others but I was told
there that he said if had not a purchased
him he would have given him up to me if had
I came and paid the money which he claimed
on me I intend to apply to you get pay
for my negro Double Head will be up
soon and there is know doubt but he tell
you a verrey fine story I wish you talk
to him about itt if I apply my self
I will sell the negro to some body that
will apply. I informed Mager Louely of
some talk that I heard that Cornal Hawkins
and the cherokees had I dont no as to the certainty
of itt and some other talker about the Road
as I thought itt was my duty to let you
know itt through Mager Louely. I am also
informed since I came home that my negro
has ran away a tring to come to me and itt is
supposed will come by the point if he dose I
wish you to take him as fast as you can and keep him till
I come or send for him Double Head will after him I hope
you will not let him take him away Igboholm

I'm always ready to answer for any
thing that I may do in the Cherokee nation
and ready to obey your orders and am also
ready to submit to laws of my country and
to any Justice that I may owe - nothing more
but remains Ubel Servant

Y^r Obedient Servant
Jas Holmes

Nashville 24th June 1853

My Friend

About fifteen days ago I saw James
Chisholm with your passport when he was to pass through
our country with ^{out} ~~the~~ ^{out} ~~motivation~~ - he applied to me for a negro
boy which ^{he} pretends to claim, I refused to let him have the boy
& told him ^{to} get his Brother Ignatious who I had purchased the
negro of, & we would all go before you, and if he could
then make it appear that he had the best right to him I
would give him up, ^{if I got my own money again} I also told him if he would pay me back
four hundred dollars which I paid for the negro he might take
him. - when he found he could not obtain the boy with out going
before you, he advises him and an other boy of mine to run off to
the whites, & give them a pass with my name forged
to it, I have only this day got the negroes at Nashville
It certainly was his intention to steal the negroes, & I think
him a bad ^{person} to come into nation, but he has your
passport

passport we cannot say any to him, we must only look
to you for his bad conduct, as you will suffer him to come
into our country. - the fact that Chisholm gave the negroes was
seen by a number of the people in Nashville. - I have it now in
my possession. - what do you think of Chisholm giving the counter
fact pass to the negroes, & trying to take them off in that way, I
think very bad of it, & I think ^{he} ought not to go unpunished. I respect
you will know how to treat him on this occasion. - -

About eight years ago we made treaty with General
Washington, and we agreed that when a Horse or any thing
was stolen from the whites by our people that it should be paid
for out of our salary or annuity, & when the whites stole from
our people the Public was to pay us for our property, ^{why} that ~~stolen~~ ^{was} stolen. -
but no part of our salary or annuity is to be stopped for private debts
our salary or annuity is intended for our old helpless people &
children, but ^{not} intended to pay the debts of people that trade
and traffick abouts. -

I have nothing more to say to you at present

But I remain your friend & Brother

Double H D Head

Col. Meggs -

Diamonds Hill - June 27th 1863

My

I received yours of the 10th & 16th that relates to the business of Col. Whitley. I am of opinion, that the woman who lives with Tuskegee will not be willing to leave him. As it was at her option six years ago - during the agency of Mr. Dimmock, he demanded her of the Nation and she came to his house in person - When she refused to return to her people - she has three fine children by the man and I believe is well satisfied with her situation - however I wrote to the Indians during the shortest attention to be paid to the Col - and consider his talks coolly. The other person was taken down the Mississippi by the Dict. Allen - and a report says that one of our deserters took up with her & that they ran off - were pursued by the fellow and overtaken by him and killed them both.

A report prevails amongst the Indians that Col. Hawkins in his talks to these people, that you were wrong by inviting for the roads

roads - that consequence of this talk they
are determined not to give up the roads
tho they intended giving up before such
talks - Double Head it is said has
given out such talk - Harris the black
smith it appears was present if such
is the case ^{it} seems then now in opposition
it harts the friends to it & - if you should
see Mr. Chickelman he can inform you the
Glas. exults and Dick smiles a ghastly
grin - I think the meaning must
be misconstrued, but it will take sometime
to eradicate the impression & I hope
it may be removed in time.

Mr. Chickelman has been to the
Sheds in company with John Walker he
made the demand for the Negro and trans-
ferred the money agreeably to contract. As
Double Head refused to deliver him the Negro
on some pretence or other. Chickelman observed
As respects the purport of your Letter to him
that his residence is within One mile of
Tollis - and all persons having any demand
against him he is always ready to meet with
and be amenable to the laws of his country
As nothing but business of consequence brought
him

into the Nation -

I am sorry to find that the
Minister sent to please the people no
consideration will induce them to think
of their continuance amongst them, they
say that if Mr. Wood and Mrs. Behn
were mates they would like them any well
to live amongst them. but Behn and
the old woman of all - they are and just

I am I with much
Respect & esteem

Yrs. W. A. C.

W. A. C.

my respects to Mr. Misses and
Phil.

I have had not a friend of
Thouin since. I came into the Nation this
last time - and am sick of the mouldy
meal - if there was any good Indian
meal it is better.

the bearer of this is Kelakee
an honest fellow I have sent him
for some things to Mr. Smith
you will please to direct him.

Col. Misses

The United States To Return 3 Mills

D.

Dec 1806	Do	Cash paid	Nicholas M. Guire 3 Spring Whales	\$ 6 66 2/3	
Dec 1806	Do	"	Thomas M. Guire 13 Huds	\$ 13 16	
Jan 1807	Do	"	John B. Wood made	\$ 9 00	
Feb 1807	Do	"	William Bridges action of toll	\$ 1 50	
Feb 1807	Do	"	before the paper time	\$ 1 50	
Feb 1807	Do	Cash paid	Samuel Mitchell	\$ 150 00	
Feb 1807	Do	"	expended by Charles Hicks in		
Feb 1807	Do	"	conducting Cherokee deputation see acct with book	\$ 393 28	
Feb 1807	Do	Cash	expended by self in charge of		
Feb 1807	Do	"	Cherokee Chiefs via Charleston	\$ 203 72	
Feb 1807	Do	Cash paid	James Mason to bear his &		
Feb 1807	Do	"	Shoups expense	\$ 50 00	
Feb 1807	Do	Cash paid	Charles Micks Horse hire	\$ 46 00	
Feb 1807	Do	"	Samuel Mitchell	\$ 67 75	
Feb 1807	Do	"	Samuel Saffel 33 Spring Whales	\$ 110 00	
Feb 1807	Do	"	John Brown	\$ 17 82	
Feb 1807	Do	"	Samuel Molyneux	\$ 105 51 1/2	
Feb 1807	Do	"	Amos D. Chickelton	\$ 92 00	
Feb 1807	Do	"	Thomas Martin	\$ 6 00	
Feb 1807	Do	"	Samuel Mitchell	\$ 6 00	
Feb 1807	Do	"	Samuel Mitchell	\$ 90 00	
Feb 1807	Do	"	George Yentley	\$ 60 00	
Feb 1807	Do	"	Samuel Mitchell	\$ 121 12 1/2	
Feb 1807	Do	"	Samuel Mitchell	\$ 200 00	
Feb 1807	Do	"	Samuel Mitchell	\$ 13 00	2792 1/2
March 1807	Do	"	William Cannon	\$ 20 00	
March 1807	Do	"	James Casey	\$ 143 12 1/2	
March 1807	Do	"	Robert Moulton 3 Spring Whales	\$ 10 00	
March 1807	Do	"	William Moulton	\$ 11 50	
March 1807	Do	"	Hugh Moulton 3 Spring Whales	\$ 9 66 2/3	
March 1807	Do	"	John Moulton	\$ 13 00	
March 1807	Do	"	James Moulton	\$ 60 00	277 29 1/2
March 1807	Do	"	James Moulton	\$	

1804
Musclesnoalo mark 27th
Friend & Father

Last fall when I came to see you
at South west point you said you
was glad to see me - Now when
you see my Beloved Chief Secuacah
you will consider you are looking
at my parent - who we send to you
to let you know our present distress
my parent & Brother & father Listen
to our Petition & help Secuacah
and my young men that is with
so that they may return back with
Relief - We are like to perish for
Bread - We have by Industry failed
the last year to make Bread not owing
to Indolence but owing to the hand
of the great Spirit above - not
sending up Rain - to with the Drought
We have Thrown Industry
over -

Procured a few ^{2d} Dollars, which
Seneca Brings to you, in order
to Purchase corn — We have
Numbered our People that Live
in this Town — There is One hundred
& twenty one Indians off us Beside
some white people 15 in Number
We have not corn enough to last
one week — We think that three
Bushels of Corn per Soul will keep
us a live till our ensuing crops
will Relieve us — Now our friend
& farther we petition you to take
what money we have sent & what
it lacks of paying for 363 Bushels
off corn you will help us to the
Balance — we are Indians & have
But little money what we have
sent you — now we look to at
present for Life — of our father

grants us this Relief ^{3d} Then we
shall know he is a father in
Reality — if he looks for a Relie-
ation — we will make it as quick
as we are able — Last fall at
the Talks there were plows &
mattocks Given out to Numbers
this Town Received none we are
all at this place — working hard
& Enlarging our farms & stands
in great Need off plows & mattocks
to grub our ground — When Capt
Lewis was agent he gave us a
few there was but few of us then
our Number is greatly Increased
what he gave us is nearly worn
out by so many using them
our women are Raising cattle
& Spinning and is in great Need
of wheels — When our people

Comes Down with the ^{4th} corn will
But the opportunity for us to get
them as they can not be brought
By Land = you will also plan
to furnish our people with canoes
or Boats to bring us the corn
as all our Dependence is on you
also we hope you will take our
people 5 in number under your
Care & protection & send them
Back to us With Relief Quick
Now our friend father & Brother
we are looking up to the great
Spirit above to protect & lengthen
your Days & incline your heart
to Relieve us - We are
Wrote & Interlined
By
J. J. Chisholm
Hattagash
Dowdhead
Lucutah or the
Sequahay
Path Killer

Double head with be up
in a few days himself
not sealed for want of wafers
We are also very bad of Ink
Stand paper & wafers I am
so poor & so far from where
they are to be procured that it is
with Difficulty I can do this
Writing

I J Chisholm
P.S.

A few garden Seeds will be
gratefully Received & Culture
of them Inculcated amongst
these people - with cabbage
lettuce Mustard Onions Colled
parsnips Carrots Parsley
Sparrowgrass - Turneps - Sage
Wormwood

J J C

Muskegoals October the 12 1804

I do hereby certify that I was with
 Doublehead - Purchasing cattle
 for G. Barteley & Wilkason's Company
 for the use of the Troops at the
 Confinement on Tenessee - we
 were at Mr John Melton's - where
 I saw Negro which I was told
 belonged to Samuel Miller Esq.
 Near Southwest point - & while
 we were there 3 Indians came
 I said that the Tunkle at home
 had sent them to fetch the Negro
 He drew his knife and scolded
 the Indians - then Run off
 Next Day we started our
 Cattle - on the Road we over
 took the Negro - and took

him to Near Jack Thompsons
to our camp - Double head went
to Mr Harrison & Decried that
some person would take him &
Send to Miller - There was a
Mr Nevins at Mr Harrison
who sd was Millers friend &
that he would take the Negro
and carry him to his master
accordingly Nevins & Mr
Harrison came to the camp to
take the Negro (Double head
was not at the camp) he the
Negro drew his Knife & said
1298 Nevins & Made his Escape -
Nevins then Requested Double
to take him & Take Care of -
no 2

= no 2 him until Miller could
get ^{him} Doublehead agreed - if then
observed - it would be better for
Mr Nevin to give him a
written order - which Nevin
agreed to - and accordingly
gave Double written order with
John Thompson & myself witness
the Paper on which Doublehead
took the Negro & kept him -
Some time after - Doublehead
& myself went to the Green corn
Dance at which Place was
Miller in search of his Negro
Doublehead desired he would
make haste & take him from
his house as he was afraid
no 3

no 3 he would make his escape
Miller & he would - Mr John
Rogers then sent a complaint
on behalf of his son - to the
land men that Miller owed him
a sum of money & would not
pay him - the Glasp & the
Tunite at home by order of
the Chiefs ordered Double head
to detain the Negro until
Miller should pay Rogers -

Some time after the Negro stole
Double head's Perage & made
his escape - Some time after
Mr Archibald Trimble came
by the Shoals & said he had
no 4

no 4 Mr Miller order for the
Negro - he was told the Negro
was gone - that he was in
Prison at the Chukasaw Bluffs
as to Captain Coopers Letter
to Double head - Mr Trimble
Proceeded to the Bluffs claimed
the Negro and obtained him
from Capt Cooper - took
him to his Bidpiece & then
him for Five Hundred Dollars

The selling the
Negro from Capt Cooper to
the selling of him by Trimble
can be Proved by James
McIntire Living near Knoxville
no 5

1425¹³

Double Heads
Letter. Complaint
agst a custom Service
with affidavits of Kategate
Sequestrated & others were
sent by me to Governor
Swick on the 30th Apr.
1805

Code Return J. Chappin
Agent
S. W. H. H.

Doublehead & Col. Meggs if he pleases
to send them in affidavits to Governor
Sevier & request Gov. Sevier to send
them to the Court of Sullivan as a comp.
from the Cherokee Chiefs against Squire
Lewis & that Solomon Smith agree
able to the directions of the C. be the
bearer of them
Wrote & interpreted
by me John Chisholm

he went of so fast as he could
those the best men of the South
I could - that the other white men
would take notice of all he
told them what a daring rogue
he was - of equity & he would
complain to the agent Colonel
Meggs of his conduct -

he went off as fast as he could
Proc. the head men of the Indians
Demanded - that the other white men
would take notice & tell all honest
white men what a daring rogue
he was - He quitted & he would
complain to the agent Colonel
Meggs of his conduct -

but I hope of the peace
as to show that sufficient to Governor
I request your services to send
to the Court of Sessions as a complaint
from the churches & against persons
I have & that I should much agree
take to the attention of the City the
leaver of them
Wrote & requested
by me

72 *Dr* Barber Davis

1802				
Decem ^r	29	67	To Cash lent	6 dollars
1805				
August	1 st	175	To Cash lent	10 00
1808 August	5	20	To Cash . . 23 dollars .	To account for 23 00
Octo	26	71	To Cash p ^d w ^m Boxe	19 62
Nov	18	79	To Cash p ^d his order in fav ^r Sam ^l Wilson	50 00
Dec ^r		82	To Cash p ^d his order in fav ^r James Daniel	40 00
mean ^o			To Cash paid W ^m Jones who assisted in taking census	132 62
				<u>\$64.80</u>

1805			John Chizzolm	Dr.
Aug ^t	19	175	To Cash lent	10 00
Octo	29	182	To ditto lent at Fellico	2 00
Nov	8	184	To Cash paid Charles Wright see note & receipt	50 00
Sept ^r	21 st		To Cash advanced to bear his expenses to carry letters to General Smith	10 00
1807				30 0
February	17	221	To Cash lent	8 00
July	28	19	To Cash lent	
				<u>\$110</u>

Lu

Kingston 19 Aug^r 1803

I understand that John Chisholm is about
to leave the Point without discharging
his note. This note he, is now in the
hands of Lawson Whitehead, but he being absent
from Knoxville they produced the possibility
of getting the note down, but Mr. Sanders
who is now gone to Knoxville is to send
it down ~~there~~ ^{the note} is to send it down -

I was much surprised the other day when
Chisholm acknowledged the justice of the
the debt and left it to you that you
would not consent he should pay it with-
out the note was produced, after he agreed
to pay the money. I only wanted security
that the money should be paid, upon my
producing the note. - but even this you
seemed to object to. what can be the
cause? Should the note be negotiable,
it matters not, because he has now paid it
and certainly if the money is deposited in
your hands before he goes away, you can keep
it until the note is produced - this is
certainly reasonable - I received a letter from

Johns. Chisholm a few days ago, wherein he says that
if the note is negotiable he will pay it, and not
~~otherwise~~ otherwise I am at a loss to see his ~~meaning~~
meaning - when he thus says his acknowledgment he has
now paid it - I am satisfied to take the principle
and throw away the rest -

M^r A. D. C.
Thos. Smith

N. Byers letter 4th Aug.
1805 Goods &c &c

Colo Return J. Meigs
Agent of war
Mr. Chisholm; for West Point

of
Tellico Aug. 4th 1805

I am Lewis at letter dated 30th
& 2nd of July & Aug. I have rec^d
by the bearer of this, Mr Chisholm,
As respects giving D. Head a credit
in this factory - yours and
Genl Smiths opinion has great
weight - and upon which I am
willing to let him have an offer
from 3 to 5 hundred Dollars amt,
and wish you to impress on his
mind the speedy necessity of
returns - and to make up his
mind not to urge an extension,
unless you may think proper
I shall by stipulating the amt.
more the views of government
will be promoted - as D. H.^d
has been dealing largely lately,
it need not be known to every
one that he has obtained a credit
and it is my wish it should not

as I am ordered to trust none
but respectable chiefs & them
with only small amounts

I only suggest to you as my
opinion. That D. H. will expect
a debt in this way - cancel^d
by government. provided the
unfinished negotiations turn out
favourable. I think with you
they will - Double-head may
be bought. but it would be
a hard matter to sell him
I won't say more but ^{my} nervous
system is out of order - please
make my respects to Mr. Meigs
your son. Mer - Smith. & when
you write to Genl Smith. I
accept for you self my best
wishes - and am for with
much Esteem

To R. D. Meigs

Your Obedt Serv^t
Nicholas Breyer

I have wrote you a line by D. H.
has he conclude to come
up - I say whether you think
the credit too much or too
little. I am - S. B. M.

I wish to return the scale
of business more in favour
of the Store - or report unfav-
ourable. The present apt which
is a good one - will determine
the Point. - I -

Dear Sir

Tellus 5th Augt 1805

I rec^d yours by Mr. Chisholm and will state you as well
as I can the price of provisions necessary to supply the troops in this
country and you are better able to Judge of the Contractors pros-
pects yourself, but my opinion of the thing is that money cannot
be made ~~for~~ 13 Cents the ration for the few troops that are here
what the price is I cannot tell. Morrison has not inform me

Wax will be 3 $\frac{1}{2}$ \$ 100 flour say on an average this
year 250 \$ If engagements are made in time, whiskey Mr.
Smith will furnish as he has done me at 50 Cents \$ gallon
I have generally saved Tallow enough and had my candles made
but they cost about 16 $\frac{2}{3}$ Cents \$ pound soap. I have generally
given 8 $\frac{1}{3}$ Cents \$ pound and vinegar if engagements are made
in time for that article may be had for 16 $\frac{2}{3}$ Cents for
Gallon, salt 3 $\frac{1}{2}$ \$ Bushell

Considerable difficulties arise from
not knowing who to depend on in making Contracts for these
articles any thing I can do for whoever may be the agent
shall cheerfully be done. Suffer me to recommend Mr.
John Tipton to do the Spices he will be there in a few
days to do the Spices for me until the close of the present
Contract please make my respects acceptable to Mr. Meigs and
Sincerely I am Sir your friend

David Hoag

Mr. Hogg's Letter
about Supplies of
Provisions for the Treaty
Annuitie etc.
6 August 1805

Cal: Return I'll give
to L. W. Parit
Mr. Ryers 3 Tennessee

Dear Col.

Tellis 6th Augt 1805

When Mr. Chisholm was here he was in
considerable of a hurry and perhaps I did not answer
the enquiry full enough to enable you to answer Mr.
Smith satisfactorily. you may inform him my determi-
nation to have the deposit completed for three months
in advance and I would recommend having his engage-
ments made early for all the articles that will be
wanted particularly flour and fresh beef for the
winter. you are acquainted with the difficulties
I have laboured under in procuring these articles

I am particularly anxious that
the present contract should have the Indian goods
at this place this fall, and hope if the goods are
to be done in October you will let me make a
deposit or complete the goods and indeed I want
it at any rate whether it should be in the

present Contract or not and as I suppose the
price of the next Contract is no doubt higher than
the present. Should you think proper to let me
have it it shall be done at the present
Contract price. I shall expect to hear from you
on this subject. am dr. yr friend

David Hoag

P.S. I know that I cannot attend to it but it
shall be done to your satisfaction if you
think proper to give it to me. D.H.

Knoxville 6th July 1805

Dear Sir

As I understand all property in
the hands of Indians at any time when a Treaty
is made with them, they think ought to be
as soon as possible, and the property entirely their
own, doublehead has not yet paid me for my
Negro man, and says he has a claim against
Mr James Chisholm of thirty six dollars and
also John Chisholm has a claim against James
Chisholm of fifty dollars both which sums
I am willing to have deducted out of the price
of the negro, provided I now get my money
If those ^{terms} are not acceded to I must have my
Negro man

Your attentions to this shall ever be
acknowledged by your friend and servant

Edward Seal

Co. R. J. Meigs. ~~But if you want the paper~~

Know all men that, I Doublehead a principal Cherokee
Chief wishing to accelerate useful improvements in my Nation
& finding that Mills are much wanting in the Cherokee Country,
do for the purpose aforesaid determine to erect a Saw mill &
a Grist mill on a Stream on the Southside of the River
Tennessee opposite to Rays Bent so called; & in
order the better to effect these objects, do hereby
agree to take to my assistance John Smith Jr.
of the County of Roane State of Tennessee on the
conditions hereinafter expressed i.e. If the Said
John Smith Jr. will erect a suitable Dam & erect on
the said Stream a good Saw mill & good Grist mill, with the
assistance of one man which I agree to send to him, who shall
continue at the place & act faithfully in erecting said mills;
the said Smith shall occupy the said mills keeping a regular
account of his expense & of the profits of said mills when built,
until he is reimbursed the expense of building as aforesaid &
the termination of which said Smith shall occupy
the said mills with the assistance of one man provided
by me as aforesaid on equal shares for the term of
ten — years

In testimony that this agreement
is binding on each of us we set our hands & seals
this 16th Day of Nov. 1805.

Witness

D. H. *Doublehead*

John H. *Hickok*
Hugh *Beatty*
Saml. *Wallister*

J. Smith Jr. *Cash*

Letter from the
Cherokee Chiefs
about a conference
to be held on the
15th of October next.
16th Sept. 1805.

Friend & Brother

In council September the 16th 1805

We have wrote you that we will meet the
Commissioners at Tillsco - we have left the time for
you^{to} appoint - you have often mentioned to us
to make our talks short - we tell you that when
we meet you at Tillsco to finish our Business
with Commissioners - I shall proceed from there to
see our father the President and expect
that we shall not be Denied - we intend
to send such of our people as may be
Depended on & is capable of ^{Receiving} Instructions
we expect that you will let the President know
our Intention & that we shall have his approbation
by the time the Treaty is finished - we have
sent Chisholm to see you & talk with you and
then to proceed to Genorall Smith and let him
hear the News - we expect you will assist
him and let him make haste - we are
your friends and Brothers Signed by

Black fox

Path Killer

Katke or Badger son

Double head

Town bull

Glass

Sequency

John Jolley

Tuskegetoh

Buck

John Melmore or Sater the Seed

Utawake

Chupasawake

Cheney

Towhale

Sovamick

The Ridge

Seacah

Bob Hunter

Will Elders

The Broom

Katagichus

old cabin

young cabin

The Turtle at home

Slave boy

Park on flower

The Flea

The Guard Eater

Red Bird

The Seed

Cattatawey

Spring frog

John Lowery

Uontakelhe

Big Bear

Kelohawc

George Rowbery

William Shovey

John Thompson

Richard Brown

John Brown

George Lowery

George fields

Mortoye

The Three Killer

Sent for and on the ^{Behalf} ~~Behalf~~ of

twenty four Towns

Saml Riley

Interpreter

Chadley

Interpreter

Southwest point 21, September 1805.

Sir

I transmit by Mr. Chisselm a Talk form. The Cherokee council lately held in Wells Town also a letter directed to the agent - Both these papers breath the temper of good men properly affected with their own & the interest of the United States - I think Sir we could not expect anything more agreeable on the business before us - Mr. Chisselm will communicate verbal information equally interesting and corresponding with the written talks

I am sending letters into the different parts of the nation inviting them to meet us on the 15th October - The annuity goods arrived at Tellico last Monday evening - Will you be pleased to notify Capt. Purdy. It will be best probably for yourself & him to be here a few days before the time fixed on - Most of the stores for the meeting are provided & engaged. It is much to be wished that intrusions on the lands may be restrained - The temper of the Chiefs on this head is well expressed - I wrote to Governor Sevier on the subject of these intrusions last week & suggested to him that an address from him at this time to those people might be of great

use - I shall go to Knoxville to morrow
& will urge to him & the Representative
to take some steps to restrain these
aggressions -

I am for

Respectfully

Return I beg

General Smith -

Dec 20th 1806

Delivered 3 wheels to the Indians of Turkey's town
2 Axes to Pathkillers Son & James Paul
note there were axes provided for the late treaties.

29th Dec^r 1806
Delivered 9 spinning wheels to the Black Town
of Big Illinois for his town

July 14th 1 wheel to Nancy M^c Nany
1 d^o to Nelly Riley

19 3 wheels del^d to Chisholm
for Cherokee women

19 2 wheels del^d to a Cherokee by Chisholm

19 10 tons delivered to Chukamingo large wheels
made by Joseph Good in the nation
23^d 2 wheels delivered to Big Illinois Indians

March 13th 1807 M^r Bighams wheels
del^d to W^m ~~W^m~~

1 Delivered to a Tellico Indian
14 d^o " Sand Town Indians
1 d^o " a Cherokee named George

15 { 5 small wheels delivered to Okoya Indians
3 pt. cotton cards delivered to d^o -

18th 1 flax delivered to M^r Goody
1 d^o to M^r Vanna
1 d^o to Chulhowee Indians
20th 4 d^o to an Indian from Legua

Southwest Point 12th February 1806

198.

— 12th —

The United States ----- Cr.
 By cash received of Timothy Meigs for
 a white horse which had been bought on
 a Journey to Washington for Cherokee
 depulaton -----

100 00

199.

— 14th —

The United States ----- Dr.
 To cash paid In^o Brown for keeping a
 stray horse at W^h p^o day -----
 * note this horse was appraised at 40 \$ a Bay
 brown colour. 2 white feet

17 83

199.

— 14 —

The United States ----- Dr.
 To cash p^d Samuel Laffel for ³³ spinning
~~22~~ wheels ----- at 333 ³/₄ cts

110 00

199.

— 15 —

The United States ----- Cr.
 * By 1 Brown bay horse sold Sam^o Laffel

60 00

200.

— 17 —

The United States ----- Dr.
 To cash paid In^o Chissolm for a horse,
 Saddle & Blanket allowed by W^h p^o day

92 00

200.

— 17 —

Robert King Dr^o to cash -----

3 00

200.

— 18 —

The United States Dr^o to cash paid
 Francis Matton for transporting a Cherokee
 Chief to Bear Creek he being sick &
 unable to return home without help -----

6 00

South West point - 26 February -
1806

— 26th —

Doublehead — + — — — — Dⁿ

201.

To Cash paid James Chisholm on a Note
note to said Chisholm which I gave
to exonerate J^d Doublehead from
any demand from J^d Chisholm, for
& on account of a Negro Boy named
Andrew — J^d Chisholm's Receipt
is taken on the note given into
the hands of Doublehead to enable
him to recover the same sum
from Ignatius Chisholm. . . . 200 00

— 26th —

202.

The United States Dⁿ
to Cash paid Samuel Mitchell
his draft on favor of Robert Bell 200 00

— 26 —

202

Samuel Mitchell Chickasaw A.D.
to Cash paid his bill in favor
of Robert Bell. 200 00

202

United States — — — — — Cⁿ
By 1 Bay horse blazed face about 14 1/2
hands high on estray appraised at 30⁰⁰
* Sold to Major Lovely — 30 00

202.

By 1 Estray horse sold to James Thomas
appraised at 10⁰⁰ & sold for him 9 00
By 1 Gray Sorel 14 1/2 hands high sold to David Nelson
appraised at 15⁰⁰ & sold for that 15 00
* Sold to Major Lovely — 30 00
By 1 Bay horse 14 1/2 hands high appraised at 30⁰⁰
By 1 Bay mare delivered to Capt. Rabbit
a Chickasaw Co. going to Washington
appraised at 40 00

John B. Chissolm

Statement of property taken
from him on the publick
road near Coos, towee,
on the 12th August 1807.

William Lark & David Mather

Shayes & Coffee making

To cash paid young fields for young sheep

To cash paid Sewer

To Deduction of two horses and damage in

abusing them 22 bags at 50 cents per bag

To Expenses incurred ~~to~~ put on account of

Deduction to George Smith 735

2246

69

80

14

Goods improved
Sewer paid for

1151

Hugwey August 19th 1847

The following is a Schedule of property
Taken By a Refractory Party of Cherokees on the ^{the Indian} Road
Leading from the State of Georgia to the State of Georgia
Belonging to John D. Chickolm in the care of George Cluff
and silently Seized & Taken from J. Cluff on the
12th Day of this month -

One Bay Gelding known by the name of Joe Kent which
has cost me - \$120-00

1st Sept. One Brown mare lost returned very much damaged - 60-

1st Sept. One fine Rate silver mounted saddle lost returned damaged - 9 50
65-

One Bay mare lost - recovered
two pack saddles & wanted -

Several articles of merchandise chiefly

Calicoes, Chintzes & Silks & Muslins amounting - 350-

10 lbs Sugar - 2-

4 lbs Coffee - 14

To Silver plated Umbrella - cost

To my wearing apparel & wardrobe & furniture - 6

2 worn shirts & 6 new Cornbread & other cost me
Six Dollars for meat - 40

Proper can of 3 Razors Box and soap - 15

1 Great coat -

707

The above apply for to the
United States agreeable to Exchange Laws

John D. Chickolm

Missing two Rose Blankets - One 2 1/2 point Blanket

30 yards of homespun Cloth returned much damaged

30 yards missing

4 New Cambric Shirts missing

1 pair of velvet pantalons & one vest - missing

30 yards of fine Calico missing

1897

1 pair Irish Linen missing

2 pair Socks & 1 pair Shoes missing

8 Silk Handkerchiefs missing

Buttons Silk & Twist missing

Sugar & Coffee missing

To cash paid going fields for going to pay

& cash paid same

To Detention of two horses and damage on
abusing them 22 Days at 50 cents per Day

To Expenses incurred to pay on account of

Detention to George Smith \$85

Goods missing
Silver plate & table

22
46
69
80
14

\$161

J. D. Christen

on the 12th August 1897

road near Westbourne

from him on the subject

Statement of property taken

John D. Christen

Colonel Phillips'
testimony relating
to the Death of Daub
Head who was killed
on the 9th Instant Aug.
1804.

High water August 15th 1804

Sir

The following is a statement of a conversation that took place between my self & several persons residing in the Cherokee nation &c

George Sanders observed that the Indians were much displeased with Doublehead and Cheslom and that he expected they would be killed as it had been concluded on by a number of the leading characters of the nation and that Doublehead would be called to an account at the Bucking, I observed to him that it would be improper for them to act so rash, that if they considered them selves injured they ought to apply to Callo.

Megs ~~who~~ who was their agent, and I had no doubt but he would have justice done them, he said that he believed Callo megs to be as bad as them meaning Doublehead & Cheslom —

On coming to David Macenriley he informed me that Doublehead was killed and that prior

to his death he had killed a nother man, I asked
him if that was the Cause of his being killed he
answered me no, that the man that killed him
did not now that Double head had killed
oney person that it had been previously
determed on, and that a man called the
Ridey was appointed to Execute the Burm
and went prepared for that Burm
John Rogers also informed me that the
man that killed Double head did not now
that Double head ~~had~~ had killed a ny person
and that Double head throwed out the
priming out of his pistol before he shot
the man and that he was convinced that he
did not mean to kill him but to Scare him
I do Certify the above to be a true statement

Call

Return Neg

J. S. Phillips

Highway August 16th 1807
The following is a true statement of
occurrences that came within my notice
at the Ball play grounds in the Cherokee
Nation on the 9th inst when present
with Capt Armistead commanding ~~officer~~
officer of this post, on his arresting
a certain James Chisolm, whom he
was requested to remove out of the
Cherokee country, by Colo Return J. Ellis
Agent was —

On Capt Armistead's pursuing
the execution of this duty, several
attempts were made by the Indians
to liberate said Chisolm, the most
daring of which was committed by
James Rogers a half breed, who follow-
ed Capt Armistead on his way to this
place, as far as Walker's ferry, where
he demanded the Prisoner (Chisolm, released,
and on being refused, drew a knife
& commenced cutting him loose; when
Capt. Armistead presented a Pistol, and
told said Rogers, that he should
certainly shoot him if he did not
desist. By this time a chief, the

" Big half breed, interpreter, and John
Ragers father of the aforesaid made
the following request of his son: first
"to ask the Prisoner if it was his wish
"to remain there, & on be answered in
"the affirmative to let him alone: but
"if the prisoner wished his friendship,
"to act just as he thought proper."
"The further observed, "that if he had
"a son afraid of a Pistol, he would
"discuss him - This is all that came
to my knowledge between the parties,
tho' I afterwards learned, that a further
attempt was about to be made by
a number of The Indians to release
Chisolm, which was checked by
Mr. Piley, interpreter, & Mr. Starr
resident of the Cherokee -

The foregoing statement I have given
by request of Col. Steig. who will
make such use of it, as he may
deem proper.

Nicholas Odgers
U.S. Factor

Hugwey August 19th 1847

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10 lbs Sugar - 2-

4 lbs Coffee - 14

To Silver plated Umbrella - cost

To my wearing apparel & wardrobe & furniture - 6

2 worn shirts & 6 new Cornbread & other cost me
Six Dollars for meat - 40

Proper can of 3 Razors Box and soap - 15

1 Great coat -

707

The above apply for to the
United States agreeable to Exchange Laws

John D. Chickolm

D. Sir

Lovely Aug 30th 1807

In consequence of the the Situation Mr Rogers
has unfortunately plac'd himself in as respects the
opposition he made to the execution of the laws of the
United States at the ball ground on highway, relative
to directing his Son James to release James Chism after being
taken in Custody by a military officer of the United States
I am induced from a desire of restoring a good understanding
again between both parties, to apply to you to endeavour
to pass the matter over for this time as ^{easy as} possible, I have
spoken to Mr Rogers on the subject and he says he had
drunk to considerable excess that day and what he should
have said was the effects of Intoxication, and feels sorry
for his Intemperance, he is at present very uneasy and as
he is given up by the Indians to your Mercy, hopes forgiving
very probably this will be a lesson to him to prevent future
transgressions on public authority, if your goodness will extend
thus far to remove him from his present difficulty (and
and it does not admit of a doubt that in all cases where
proper that goodness of heart (which I am of opinion you
as possess, Sir) will be evinced. I should be glad you
would receive the acknowledgments made by Mr Rogers
and relieve him from the embarrassed situation in
which he remains, he appears truly penitent and
conscious of error and probably will be more circumspect
in future - please let me know your determination -
no more but remain ~~Yours~~ with respect
Yr Esteem Your Obedt Servt
A. Burr Quibb

Jarvis Hesperus
August 1807

Sir

Obedient to your Instructions I set out on the 9th Inst. In pursuit of James Chisholm an intruder on the Cherokee Tribe of Indians on my arrival at the place where I calculated on finding Chisholm I was grossly insulted by a Cherokee Indian who charged his Horse on me with drawn pistol I was intirely unarmed having lost my Dirk in the Crowd. A considerable number of the principal men of the nation were present who would not take the least trouble to Redress the Indian to order / same one / sequenche. The only satisfaction I got was to beat the fellow with my fist. Soon after this I found Chisholm who I immediately took prisoner & Confined. After marching with him about an half a mile I was overtaken by a large party of Indians, one of them a Chief by the name of Wilbowee who was armed with a Rifle ordered me in the most peremptory manner to Release the prisoner which I contemptuously refused. I then passed onto Walkers ferry where I was overtaken by James Rogers an half breed with a drawn knife & pistol & John Rogers his Father a white man / this fellow James Rogers said he had come to Release James Chisholm on me in the attempt I argued with him for some time to no effect he persisted in his intentions. I then called on Mr. Samuel C. Hall to assist me in the defence necessary to keep the prisoner

He drew a pistol I got another & in that way we kept him from releasing Chishoom. Old Rogers wished me to believe that he wished his son to assist but it was evident to me & every Gentlemen by that so far from aiding his son he encouraged him. he requested James Rogers to ask the prisoner if he wished to be untied & observed if he answers in the affirmative you may act as you like at the same time observed that he never raised a son that was afraid of a pistol - this John Rogers is in my opinion one of the most disaffected people in the Cherokee nation & if he is not removed from the Indians he will become their ruin for I am confident he would do every thing in his power to thwart any orders that you may give for the good of the Cherokee & after being convinced their threats could not have the desired effect they left me & I not being able & I not being able to cross the river returned to the Blacks where I had not been long before John Rogers came in & said / Chequialaga / alias Saul / was shot he had all the appearance of being the assassin as he was bloody from the collar of his shirt to his shoes & was very much agitated, during his stay some person came in & said Doublehead was not dead. Rogers observed if he was not dead he should die saying he / Chequialaga / had snaped a pistol at him.

I Sincerely condole with you on the loss of our Greatest friend among the treacherous and Savage nation - These friendships is not to be calculated on Individually If it is nationally as was truly proven in my case I have done every thing to render myself popular among them which I thought I had effected in an Eminent degree but when they saw me in difficulty not one interpeared except one already mentioned Sequache / Doublehead's brother -

Yours Sir
Respectfully
J. A. S. +
A. B. Armstrong
Capt. W. S. Williams

Letter to the Secy
of War enclosing
John D Chisholm's
letter

Hes. axes. Moughs &c

12th Feb^y 1807

South West point
12th February 1807

Sir

In my letter of the 24 December last I informed you that I expected soon to see Doublehead when I would inform you of the transaction relating to the land reserved at the Shoals by the Convention with the Cherokees on the 7th January 1806 —

Doublehead is unwell not able to come up: but has sent up Mr Chisholm & directed him to state to me what he had done relating to the reserve & other matters —

Mr Chisholm has done this by letter which I enclose in his hand writing. —

Some persons under improper ~~and~~ impressions endeavored to have the persons who dealt with Doublehead indicted: but for some cause or other the prosecution could not be sustained — The expectations of the poor Indians who own the reserve have been greatly raised & I hope the magnanimity of the Government will permit them to realize these expectations.

The Chiefs have applied to me for ploughs Hoes & axes as the Spring is advancing I shall be glad to have permission to provide 30 ploughs 100 axes, & 150 Hoes. I can get them on terms as good as to have them from the Iron works & the articles will be better. I am respectfully
Your Obedt Servant
Henry Dearborn Esq^r
Secy was — Returnd

Jan^y the 12th - 1807

S. 8
on the Subject that we have been talk-
ing of our settling in your Quarter of the
Nation - We wish you to inform
Doubblehead that we are willing to stay
& live in his Quarter & do the best we can
to assist him & his people, in the Act of
farming & raising cotton & other produce
together with House Building
that we are willing to conform to laws
Establish'd by the United States for
government of your people - But we consi-
der that you ought to Apply to Colonel
Meggs for a permission for us - Upon the
Receipt of which we will willingly stop &
stay with you - will also wait for Colonel
Meggs permit until you can Apply for it
We are with Esteem for your good Qualities
& goodness to White people by us
to Doubblehead &
John D. Chisholm at the } Hudson Alford
Maple Shoals } Newt. River

Friend & Brother

Muske Sholes January 14th 1817

It is some time since I have heard...
from you or had the opportunity to let
you hear from me, I send my friend
Chisholm to see you, and to lay before
you several matters together the concerns
of Jonathan Arnold, which dyed in
this place and I believe has bin
Robbed of considerable sum of money
I have laid it before Governor Williams
he has desired me to send Chisholm
to you to give you every information
concerning the Business, I am Sir
in hopes you will assist Chisholm
in all my Business, I wish to hear
about the said mill and the Land
at Highwarre, I have desired my
friend to consult with you and to get
you to write to the President, I am
not able to ride or I should have
come, I am Sir your friend and
Brother

Bro I send you a letter from two
men that I wish to stay here I
have consulted with Katty girky, we
want them to stay with us they
are good men please to give them
a permitt and you will oblige us

Yours &c D. H.

Is your or no my conduct ever since you have
had the Honor to be our guide in this nation - you know
the different Treaties & Talks of the Nation - those are
what I wish to be ruled by - the Talks at the City of
Washington - the Talks was confirmed at Sacote, it was
then agreed the U. S. should pay what I rely on you
to support, as it wrote & Monest, that it should be done
you know well that the Publick made the Talk themselves that
I should have the ferry and the land to occupy opposite the Point
for ten years when the ten years is out it will return to the Publick
The Saw mill also I agreed for ten years then properly will be
valuable & return to the Publick I hope sir you will see this
matter in their true light & not let me be Argued by any
Deceit & foolish persons that are Enemies to the
improvement & Civilization of these People, Enemies to all
improvement Enemies to all those that wish to improve
the blessings that the great & good all being has offered
them with, their Eyes & Ears are shut to such things
as they ought to know & improve their minds & people
I am yours
Double kind

Muscle Shoals January 25th 1807

Sir

I have lately been informed that some ill disposed persons in the Cumberland country have tried at the last Federal Court held at Nashville to have presented to the grand jurors of sd Court Certain Citizens supposed to have purchased Lands from Doublehead. I am informed that the attempt failed for the want of authentic testimony — Well might it do so for I do assure you Sir that he Doublehead has not sold one acre of ground — it is true that he has rented or leased some of the ground reserved for him & those that live on it with him to some respectable farmers, who I conceive will be of essential service to the Indians by setting the Pattern of industry & true farming, I have long conceived that it was the wish of our Government to cause the Indians to become farmers & quit the hunting life. If so Sir, there can nothing be devised that will sooner lead to the object than the very thing done by Doublehead. Certainly Sir the United States must intend that such Indians as fall into the plan that Government has so strenuously impressed on their minds attended with large expenses, should become individual possessors of Land — for this purpose I conceive government has given those reserves of land that are recognised by the treaty at Tellico 25th 27th of October 1805 & by the Convention made at the City Washington on the 7th day of January 1806.

Which Treaties have been ratified by the Government agreeable to the Constitution, & as such I have judged that they are part of the Supreme Laws of the land, & therefore I shall rest satisfied & assured that those lands are completely out of the grasp of our Greedy minded & inhuman ^{lucrative} Speculators & ~~that such honest Citizens as may come & settle~~ & that such honest Citizens as may come & settle on those reserves of land will be perfectly safe under the auspices, & protection of the Government of the United States - You Sir I flatter myself am no stranger to my endeavor in this question, to promote Civilization & the Invaluable & virtuous views of the Government, I shall continue that line of conduct until I am desired by Authority to desist - I hope Sir that you will take a view of my neighborhood & make a comparative ^{view} of their neighbors, ^{I am sorry to say that our} ears & business are prestered with ill matured stories propagated & circulated on the upper Towns, as we suppose by some white persons residing there & are no friends to the Government of the United States & wish to prevent the improvement & Civilization on Indians -

Since I have heard of the affair of Mr Burr, it brings to my ~~mind~~ recollection a circumstance that happened some time in October - it is as follows - an unknown young man passing thro the Settlement of this place - he was asked by an Indian who he was & where he was going. He replied he was travelling had been lost & was very hungry -

The Indian brought him to me where there were some other people of my neighbors collected. I asked him some questions he told me he was a millwright by trade, that he had been unfortunate, had got in debt, was put into Nashville Jail, that Col. Burr had paid his Debt gave him a horse & advised him to the Creek Nation, that he had been lost & wanted some provision, that he had no money except a fifty dollar bank bill, he shew me the Bill I looked on the bill to be false.

I asked him if he had ~~got~~ a passport to travel thro' the Indian Nations he answered no - I then told him that he appeared somewhat suspicious & that he must return.

I got a piece of meat from an Indian, gave him & he went off. He appeared to keep his saddle bags very close on his arm - Some of the people observed to me that he ought to be taken up that were of opinion that if his saddle bags were searched he would be found to contain a quantity of counterfeit Bills - as I had no authority to do so I omitted it & he went off - I am of opinion that perhaps he was upon other business & I think by applying to the Jailor at Nashville that a discovery can be found perhaps to a valuable purpose.

I have been out for some time with the commissioners from the State of Tennessee viewing the road that is recognized by the Treaty of Tellico from Franklin to the Tombigbee -

John D. Whisholm

Colo. Peter J. Meigs

John D. Dickinson's
letter respecting the
accuse of Dr. Welch
Jan'y 12th 1807.
" " " " " "

Wills town May 6th 1807
By authority of the Council
Friend Co, Mings

When the head men met
you they received a message and were
all glad to hear from our
friend, you mentioned the
propriety of our taking pity
of the upper towns, before we hear
your talk we concluded to let
Col. Hawthorn keep the goods
that were in the creeks & others
to come on to us in line of them
goods - Next now we have
sent to Estenacola to receive
the goods & divide them among
themselves if they think proper
to do so - This is the talk of
Council in a few days I will
see you at Newmarket & will

will explain further by direction
of the Council. We have
appointed a ^{meeting} with the Chickasaw
bricks, Chaetaw & commenced 4th
days from this date at the Muscle
Shoals. I am ^{now} to say a few words on a
rather subject last fall the running
the diversional line. I thought very
well of it. When it was completed
I was pleased - it was to go to the
Sitting of Son - it did so & I was
pleased thinking no intrusion
would be allowed by the U.S. Stats
but I am sorry to find the houses
are as full of people now as they
was before the running of line
I understand Major Leach in-
-carages individuals of the Cherokee
by granting them passports to occu-
-py houses within our line - one
man ought ^{not} to take such liberty
if it done by order of Council
I would not say a word I have

have understood at the council
that a white man (Blair) have
got a choctaw woman settled
on Sequatchee Creek with in our
line. Let him take her with
him over the line agreeable to
the Santa Council.

Now my friend I am going to
give you the straight talk.

Agreeable to the present of the united
petition to direct the Soggers to
go and Burne Guerey house on Succusha
ground I heard at our people's Council that
James Chisholm has Reported Saml. Riley
our people's Interpreter has been selling of our
Land I tell you there is a great money Bad
white people among us after taking pretty of
them it is Deserved you will send them to
there one Land James Chisholm particular
as he first Belged Said I had sold the myself
glent like wise it is Reported that there
is a great money. I tell people if you will
I direct them to there own Land like wise the
Black Smith that is settled at the mouth of Good field
Creek it is Deserved by the Council for his stock to be move
over the River if for where he is settled we look on it
to be land for our horses if he wishes to remain in the

the notion let him move near tollenterkey and keep
Cows ~~and~~ any to give him milk. the glass in Behalf
of the Counsel at ~~at~~ ^{his} the glass ^{mark}

6 May 1809
 Glad. Letter from the
 Well known General

Wellborn Journal

Likewise come to hear the good
at Oconomowoc. Amherstlets in
the land south line valley town,

Plaid to be mended.

From all of them below

Ullme in Segunburalety,

Primum volumine de

moved out of the nation for

False Holmwood. M. C. Bond

To be sent off. *Joseph*

more near to Atlantides

Place with no Doors only

his great Herkness-like

End of

Cornel Rectorius Ineigs

Answer

South west pint

1852

Highwater Garrison
6th April 1805.

Friend & Brother

I received your letter of the 13th March 1805 in which you inform me that the Chiefs in the lower part of the nation advised that your lands on the north side of Tennessee should be divided among your people: but that you had suspended your opinion untill you should hear from me. And now Brother I will give you my thoughts about that land. In the first place it should be considered that the land on the north side is not a great quantity, & that there are some circumstances attending it that deserve your consideration. One thing is this. You know that the State of Tennessee have laid warrants on that part within the limits of the South Boundary of that State, and that they will not ~~be satisfied~~ ^{be satisfied} until they extend their settlements to that line. & I believe that your Father the President would be well pleased if your people will agree to let Tennessee make their settlements to their State line for which they will pay your Nation a reasonable consideration in money. If your people shall agree to this there will not be a great piece of land left in that part. & when you consider this & consider the number of your people you will find that there will not be enough good land to make it an object of division. — Brother it has always been my opinion that you & the United States had better make the River the Boundary between you & them. — Brother your people have abundance of land on the South side of the River for all your people who wish to live there & become farmers: but it seems as though a great part of your people are not inclined to become farmers they prefer the hunting life. numbers I am informed are already gone over the Mississippi & that many others think of going over to that Country where there is good hunting ground. This they were

told by the President they might do — and it may perhaps be the
mind of all nearly all the Cherokees before a great while to over to that
Country. Should that be the case to divide the land would be of no
use because if they should wish to go over to that Country. Your
Nation can make an exchange with the U. States but if you dispose of
it by small parcels you cannot make an exchange. It is best
not to be in haste or hurry in any of these things but for all your
people like friends & brothers to take all these things into considera-
tion & to think seriously & weigh carefully the state of your people

I have long time ago asked of the President permission for
some of your Chiefs to make a visit to him at the Seat of Govern-
ment, & I expect he will give permission when his business will be
such as to let him attend to those who may be sent forward.
When they go they can talk with him about these things & consult
with him about what is best for the nation. As you are
about to have a full council I thought I proper mention a number
of things, some of them may require your immediate attention
others are only submitted for your consideration when time will
permit. And as I before observed it is not best to be in haste
but take time & think maturely & well on every thing for the
good of your people & for your Friends the United States.

There has been some talk about war talks being sent
to some of your people — I sent to Chulio to know what was
meant or intended by it. & Chulio says that he is altogether
for peace & harmony & that he hopes when the Council meet
that all the confusion will be done away & that harmony &
good will prevail amongst all the people. — Brother
I wish you to understand me that I do not make any
proposals to you to sell or exchange land: but as these things
I mention have been subjects of conversation amongst the people
long ago. — And as you will now have a large Council

it will be proper that all your good Chiefs shall know every thing about your Nations affairs. I only mention these things that they may consider well every thing before they act on any thing.

And I request Mr. Thompson to assist in having every thing explained to the Council. — I hope all the differences

Mr. Riley is so unwell that it is uncertain whether he will be able to go to the Council. I hope all the differences that have been amongst the different parts of the Nation will be all now settled & friendship & goodwill will be now spread over the whole Nation like an amiable family of real Brothers. —

I have sent by So-so-wau-co-loh your own annuity for this year. I have not heard from the Secretary of War sometime

I shall expect that the annuity for this year will be ordered before long time elapses. —

I request you to ask Mr. Thompson to assist to have every thing explained so that they may be no misunderstanding of what I say to you. —

Lieu Vaughn has last week been with a detachment of Soldiers along the river as far as Tellico, & has turned off a number of disorderly white people.

On the 9th February I have wrote to the Secretary of War & to the Governor of Georgia & to the Commanding Officers at Councilbluffs in order to have the Intruders on Chatahuchi & Oconee turned off your land. — I expect it will be done. —

Last week I received a letter from Quoliquiska & several other Chiefs on the subject of ^{permittances} whitemen to make crops for such of your people as desire it. — In order to regulate that business they propose that no man shall have permission but for one year at a time. — This I approve of as a good regulation. — They also propose that no permission be granted but such as are allowed by the Council. — This would be perfectly right if the Council were always sitting. — But you will perceive that this way would deprive the people of having coppers when they want to take them because the Council are not always sitting. — In order to remove this inconvenience I will propose to you to have some of your best Chiefs appointed

at Eustisville & some near this part of the Nation who shall in such cases
act for the Council because as I before observed the Council cannot be always
sitting.

In January 1806
The President recommended to the Cherokee to have in case of their death their
Estate settled in a way similar to that of the white people as far as
circumstances would admit of. & this had before been mentioned to me by several
of your Nation. After Doublehead's death ^{it was found} that he had in writing expressed
his desire to have his Estate settled in the way recommended by the
President & had requested that Mr. Thomas A. Clark John Chisholm & myself
should undertake to settle his affairs. & that writing was read to the
Council at this office in August last in order to give it all the proof
of authenticity the Nature of your Government would admit of. & We
began to make some progress in the Settlement. Amongst other
property we found a number of Negroes & were disposing of the property in
in the best manner we could to pay Doublehead's debts & to take
care of the Children. One of the Negroes, Marnie Austin ran off & went to
Mr. Charles Hicks. & Hicks now has the Negro in his possession. He excuses
himself by saying that the Negro is the property of one of the Children.
If that was the Intention of Doublehead it cannot be any excuse
to him. because we are appointed by Doublehead to settle all
his affairs justly & I presume that you will think that we are
as capable of taking care of the Children's property as Hicks can
pretend to be.

In compliance therefore with desire of Doublehead
& conformably to the advice of the President we wish to proceed
in settling that Estate. & now request that your Council
will order Charles Hicks to deliver the Negro man before
mentioned to us for the purpose of completing as far as
we can a Settlement of that Estate.

With ^{regard} respect myself

& in behalf of Mr. Clark

W. Chisholm & subscribe

The Black Fox.

Chickasaw Nation August 25th 1808

A talk

from the King, Headmen, & Warriors of the Chickasaw
Nation of Indians

to the Honourable

Henry Dearborne Esquire

Secretary of War

Father

we are informed by friends that the Cherokees, went
on to the seat of Government in the fall of the year 1806 in
order to dispose of a part of our Country, laying on the north
side of Tennessee River opposite the Muscle Shoals. we pursued
them Cherokees, but could not overtake them; those Cherokees have
sold that part of our Country, without letting us know any thing
of it, and without our approbation —

Father

when we got to the seat of Government, the President
our Father, & yourself, told us, that you had done nothing
with the Cherokees, to injure our claims — although these words
were expressed by the President our Father & yourself, at that
time, you had before that time given those Cherokees an in-
=crement of writing, which has been the occasion of a great
deal of trouble & expense to us —

Father

you then advised us, for the four Nations, to meet & settle their
Boundary lines. — agreeable to your ~~advice~~ advice, we sent
Messengers to the other three Nations, the Choctaws, & Creeks, met,
at our Council, but the Cherokees would not come

Father we then appointed the ensuing year for to settle our boundary we had provision made, for the four nations; & the Cherokees, would have the Council held near the Muscle shoals, we went to the place, at the time appointed by Double Head & his friends — when we went there they were not at home, and the Cherokees would not come to any agreement with us respecting the boundary between the two nations. — the reason they assigned, was that Col. Meigs had sent for John D. Chisholm, Double Head & all his friends to go up to the Garrison at the mouth of Highwassee on Tennessee River —

Father this is the third time we have appointed to meet and settle our boundary, & not one Cherokee has come to our Council on that business, it appears to this Nation, that we cannot get the Cherokees to meet us to adjust our claims —

J. D. Chisholm went up to Highwassee, shortly before the talk was to be in this nation — Col. Meigs sent him down again, with an invitation, for all the Cherokees that were prepared to come to adjust the boundary between us, to go up to Highwassee on a visit to him —

Father it now appears to us that when one nation wants to defraud another, they do not like to come near anything like honesty, or justice — it appears to us by every circumstance, that it is not Redmens talk, that prevents us from adjusting our claims, we suspect Col. Meigs, Messrs. Clarke, Hall & Lyon, to have had, Double Head, & J. D. Chisholm, as emissaries to prevent us from knowing our boundary, & since the death of Double Head, J. D. Chisholm, acts as prompter under the Direction of the above named gentlemen —

Father we have understood that a person from whom property is gradually taken (in plain terms stolen) that he can take his property where he finds it, agreeable to law, & why not a nation do the same?

Father your sons the Chickasaws have always been friendly to the United States, & their Government. — There is one particular in favour we request of you, that is to have the white people removed off our land, that the Cherokees have sold to them, if you do not, it will be an example for others to follow the same practice & of course we can be no more a nation.

Father when Maj. Tho. Lewis was agent to the Cherokees J. D. C. Lisholm was banished from that Country, & went to the Creeks, Col. Hawkins drove him from thence & he came back to the Cherokees he then found a friend in Double Head, & he supported him til his death.

Father the four Nations all know that you love them; & was it not for some officers under you we might be more friendly than we are, you have sent Agents among us to instruct not keep us right. The Agent you have sent to this nation, has never gave us bad advice, but agents of other nations adjoining us do not appear to give good advice in their Agency, & if our agent was to give us bad advice we would not take it — we hope you do not appoint agents to these four Southern Nations to raise a disturbance among them.

Father

21³⁷

we request it as a particular favour, that you will be so good as to remove J. D. Chisholm out of the Indian Country, we have no doubt but Government has been informed of Chisholms Character — if Government does not choose to make Chisholm quit the Red peoples land, please to give us leave & we will take him out of it —

Father

your Children the Chickasaws have always been friends to their Brothers of the United States; & relying on the Government of the United States, to remove bad white men from the Red peoples Country we have not attempted to remove Chisholm, depending on Government to have done it for us — otherwise we should have done it long since — the writing named in the foregoing that has raised all the disturbance between the two nations; we have got a Copy of, from the Original from the hands of J. D. Chisholm with no signature to it; we therefore believe it to be a forged piece of business

Chimubbbe ^{his} mark King
Sheepoeschey ^{his} mark
Attashamee — X
Mattaha nice +
Ocoya — +
George Colbert +
Mingo Mattaha +
William Colbert +
Wm McGilvary +
Hootatta Haper +

Wm Glover +
Taneup ishtubbe +
Mingo Opoia +
Muckkup Opoia +
Opoia Honna +
Opoia Hootatta +
Mingo Opoia +
Opoia Hadjo +
James Underwood +
George Pettygrove +
Boosha Honna — +

Capt. Rabbit X
Sant. Sealey +
Levi Colbert +
Tijan Mingo +
Chickqua Lather +
Tam Shico — +
Shuckaluthey +
Juscoon Chadjo +
Tate
Malcom Meger Int.
James Gurn
James Colbert

I Arthur C. Campbell being called on by ~~the~~ Return
J. Meigs to give my Deposition respecting the conduct
of Charles Hicks Towards Samuel Riley on the
31st of August 1808. Deposeth and Sayeth
that I was going down the river Tennessee with
a Boat load of property to make sale of
I employed at Highwapa Garrison M^r Samuel
Riley to assist me to make sale as he could
speak the Cherokee language. I also understood
by M^r Riley that he had charge of certain
papers from Government to the Cherokee
chiefs who were to meet in Council
in a few days in fact I afterwards knew
he had an Address from the President of
the U. S. to the Upper Cherokee a letter
from the Secretary at War to Col^l R. J.
Meigs and an Address from the Agent
Col^l R. J. Meigs to the Cherokee chiefs
all of which papers I understood were
to be delivered to the Chiefs in Council
which at the request of M^r Riley (after
he was ordered back) I forwarded them
myself on proceeding down the river
from Highwapa. I had occasion to detain
a day or two near the Mouth of Chickamauga
Creek on the 31st day of August 1808 whilst
lying there in company with another Boat he
belonging to George Fields a half breed Charles
Hicks a half breed together with one or two
Cherokees and a white man named Holt came

to Fields Boat, I in a few minutes went into
Fields Boat also, and was introduced to Mr
Hicks, after a few minutes Mr Samuel Riley
came into the Boat also, and spoke to Hicks
and if I recollect they shook hands, when Hicks
addressed Mr Riley thus, we unfortunately meet
here, (meaning they had met there before) and
I have come for you to go to Castanula, Mr
Riley told him they had no business at Castanau-
la, and could not go, Hicks told him he had
business for him there, and he should go, that
he had a complaint against him respecting
Double Heads Property, which he should go and
answer where there were proper chiefs autho-
rized to hear the said complaint, a good
deal of somewhat warm and threatening expres-
sions was uttered by Hicks to Mr Riley, and
Riley tried to vindicate himself by saying
that he had nothing to do with Double
Heads Estate, that it was Thomas N. Clarke,
Col. Meigs & John D. Chipholm had the Manage-
ment of the Property, that he Riley at the
request of or order of Col. Meigs, went
down and took an inventory of the Pro-
perty, but that he Riley had no other con-
cerns, nor interfered in any wise other than that
with the Property, Hicks continued importu-
nate, or rather in fact threatening and determi-
ned to take Riley by force, it was my impression
that he Hicks came prepared to take Riley by force.

as one of the Cherokees that came with Hicks
had a Gun and stood out of the Boat on
the Bank. Hicks himself had a Butcher Knife
in his hand which I believe he got in the
Boat after he came. Mr. Riley told him it
would incommode Mr. Campbell (meaning me) very
much if he did take him away. That he Riley
was employed by me to assist me down the
river with my Boat and to make sale of my
property that we were a going to stop a few
miles lower down the river viz at the mouth
of Chattanooga or look out Creek and there
stay until after the Green corn Dance at
which he (Riley) was obliged to be, and would
meet him (Hicks) there. Hicks then asked me
if Riley was in my employ. I told him he
was. He Hicks then told Mr. Riley if he would
give his obligation for five hundred Dollars
payable to him (Hicks) if he (Riley) did not at-
tend at the Green Corn Dance, he would let
him proceed on, which obligation Mr. Riley
gave, and I was a subscribing witness to it.
The Indian that had the Gun then shot it
off against the water and I heard the Ball
strike, so that I am satisfied the Gun was
~~loaded~~ loaded. We were then permitted to depart.

The foregoing is as to substance ~~as~~ as correct
a statement as my recollection serves me to make
at this time September 23. 1808
which I am willing to make
at any time. ~~Arthur~~ Campbell

32

Highwapee 25th July 1808

John D. Chipman makes the following Entry
"April 1808"

"The following is the description of two
Horses bought under a special licence from Indians on the
Cherokee & Chickasaw Nations, to wit, one bought from
Horse about 14 1/2 hands high, twelve years old, branded
thus Q, some white on one of his Ears - One small
Bay horse, five or six years old, bald face, white legs,
no perceivable Brand." John D. Chipman.

entered 25th July 1808

25th —
The United States —

To Cash paid James Carey for
his Experience in building his
house at Highwapee

16 25

* John Charlton Dr. to cash paid

1 00

28 July
The United States — Dr.
To Cash paid George Smith
for boarding Warkatche
at 50 p^{ts} per day

11 50

The United States — Dr.
To Cash paid George Smith
for boarding John Thompson
& keeping his horse 15 Days

18 50

Muskego Jun 14th 1805

Sir

The Seed complains, that he was
Some time past Hunting Down the Tennesse
that a boat Descending the River called at
his camp - that some whiteman in the
Boat wished to give him whiskey for his
Gun - that he Refused to sell his gun - that
they got the Gun into or on Board the boat
and Carried it off - that Sciaseah & John
Milemore know this to be true and
he wishes to be paid -

I am Sir

John D. Cushman

13
But After my respects as I cannot
come down as soon as I expected for
our harvest is heavy on hand I wish you
to hand my Account Against Chiscom
to Col. meigs and let the business be
carried on As the law directs I intend
to move in October ~~or~~ and I want my
Business all settled before I go if
Depend on getting your gun As I return
from Eltheriver I will have the powder
and whiskey Ready as I go down the
River forer well Adieu
June the 2^d 1808

2075

Cherokee Agency June 7th
1868

James Chisholm - stands justly
indebted to Capt. H. H. Moon of
Polk County in the State of
Tennessee in the Sum of Eighty
Eight Dollars - the said Chisholm
- being having the Cherokee Country
for his Asylum and under the protection
of the Cherokees - it is hereby
demanded that the said Chisholm
be given up that process may
be served upon him. otherwise
it will expect that the
Cherokee Nation do pay such
this and other such debts as
he the said Chisholm may
lawfully owe - Very truly
yours

Highway July November 2^d 1808

Sir you have Requested me to give you
What Information I can Respecting, the
Transaction Betwene Doublehead & Bean ^{concerning}
Beans Selling, a boat & her Load of flower
to Doublehead, I know that Doublehead, Did
Purchase, the Chauce of Boat & her Load consisting
of flower & Steel, which Bean had stow on
the Procks and had abandoned her to ^{the} mercy
of the waster, Doublehead agreed to give him
two hundred Dollars for the Chauce, paid him
twenty in hand - and was to pay the Ballance
When Bean came for it - it was stipulated
that Bean was ^{to} come for the Ballance himself
I also know that ^{Bean} has since called on Doublehead
and Received the Ballance in horses it was as
well as I can Recollect in December 1806 or early
in January 1807 that Bean came & Received the
horses from Doublehead - you had previous to
payment, informed Doublehead that the flower
Belonged to another man & was not the property
of Bean - I told him he ought not to

have paid it until the Deputee had been
settled, however he did he was wrote & that he
would pay the man he bargained with - I
cannot say more on the Subject I am Sir
with True Respect Yours &c

John G. Nichols

1912

the united States
To Cha. W. You, ca

To 3 white Blankets taken by Lieutenant Vane and his party 9.00
To 1 saddle & bridle 18.00
27
Gudoby on blanketed
at
\$ 24.00

Sir these Blankets were my own and the saddle and
bridle belonged to my son George Hicks when the ^{and} ~~Lieutenant~~
and party ^{took} James Chisolm Mr Vane promised that the
Blankets and saddle should be returned, and when I saw
the Lieutenant Vane in company with Mr. ~~Byers~~ and
Mr. ~~Looby~~ ^{Looby} I promised pay for them, I therefore
request that the committee now sitting will see me
paid and refer them to Mr. Byers and Messrs. Looby for
witness

Ch. Hicks

hu
L. Cha. W. You, ca
mark

October 20th 1808

To the Committee now sitting

18 th	80	Ditto	Malcolm McQu...	5 th July 1808	110 10		
"	81	Ditto	Thomas W. Boy		100 00	2	
"					3 32 1/2	25	
25 th	83	Joseph Lee			50 00	770 04	
Septem ^r 1 st	86	Richard Taylor	Salary & subsistence	Septem ^r 1807 to the 1 st Septem ^r 1808. 1 year	410 15		
"	87	Ditto	Expenses & horse hire in	onal Journeys	19 50		
8 th	88	Peter Houston	Spinning wheels for		5 00	437 65	
October 9 th	90	William Lewis	Salary & subsistence	2 nd of 1808	258 73		
"	91	Sam ^l Riley	Salary & subsistence	3 rd of 1808	215 00		
7 th	92	Thomas Wright	his draft on farm	Septem ^r dated 23 rd August 1808	260 00		
10 th	93	Robert Kelly	Blacksmiths work for		22 50		
20 th	94	John Browder	Coon for	Cherokees	120 00		
25 th	95	William Pack	Blacksmiths work for		22 50		
21 st	96	Will Rattap	Tobacco for	Cherokees	7 50		
25 th	97	Andrew Byson	2 Looms & 4 spinning wheels for	Cherokees	24 00		
"	98	John Tenley	certain fraudulent impositions	by a Cherokee / charged to the Cherokee Nation	23 50		
27 th	99	Timothy Meigs	corn for	Cherokees	14 00		
"	100	Robert Kelly	Blacksmiths work..		2 25		
28 th	101	Samuel Riley	Expenses & horse hire		10 00		
"	102	Madgellou a Cherokee	Damages suffered by		6 00		
"	103	Eu, sau, se, pa	benison furnished for	party	7 00		
30 th	104	Richard Brown	for space, rendered & expended	incurred	200 00		
"	105	Thomas Raper	100 Spinning		250 00		
"	106	Kate ju, a Cherokee	Running in		3 00		
31 st	107	James Vann	Horse stolen by a Cherokee		60 00		
"	108	James Chisholm	Expenses incurred for one	Cherokee Deputation	10 00	1484 98	
1 st	109	Samuel Riley	sett on 2 party		8 00		
"	110	Thomas Hudson	Needs for	Cherokees	16 62 1/2		
"	111	Richard Taylor	Tobacco for	Cherokees	4 12 1/2		
3 rd	112	George Smith	Boarding Cherokee Chiefs in	public business	41 75		
4 th	113	Thos. A. Clark & Lyon	Articles furnished Indian	Department	69 09		
"	114	Nicholas Byers	(M. J. Doctor) Merchandise furnished by him for the	Cherokees applied for public lion works	2500 00		
"	115	Thomas A. Clark	a quantity of corn furnished	Cherokees	350 00		
"	116	Samuel Martin	for 16 Spinning wheels for		53 33 1/2		
						15439 80	

Highwapee Garrison

1st March 1809.

Sir.

On my way to the seat of Government in November last I met with your letter of covering a kind of remonstrance & petition signed by twenty nine Chickasaw Chiefs. Stating their imaginary grievances in which they charge The President & yourself with duplicity in purchasing the Cherokees right or claim to the lands to which both these nations had (perhaps) an equal claim eventually: but it is a fact that there ^{were} ~~was~~ no public documents to show that the Chickasaws had any claim to that land untill 1794; Eleven years after the same land had been designated as belonging to the Cherokees: & The Chickasaws obtained their parchment, (as they term it) probably from reasons of State. Altho the interest of the Indians is perfectly safe from the love of justice & magnanimity of the U. States, they cannot be made fully to believe it. Jealousy is a prominent trait in Indian character. & there is always some white men who from base & unworthy motives will excite their discontent, & will write any thing, & put on a colouring, even not intended by the Indians themselves.

George Colbert tho, not highest in rank in the Chickasaw nation yet from his ambition & interest, very much

influences the affairs of that nation. He is extremely mucusary, miscalculates his importance, & when not awed by the presence of the officers of Government takes upon himself great airs. He discovers a partial enmity to the people who have leased lands in the reserve at the Shoals. —

In the petition remonstrance (which I consider as the work of Colboit), they state that they "suspect Col^o meigs, Clark, Hall & Lyon, to have had Mr. D. Chipolm & Doublehead as emissaries to prevent the Chukars & Chickasaws from settling their boundaries."

It is disagreeable to my feelings to be charged with improper conduct even by an Indian however unfounded the charge: but as calumny is the order of the day with a certain description of characters. I am willing to take my share of honor from that quarter. — So far from endeavoring to hinder the settlement of their boundaries, that I wrote to the late Agent Mr. Wright in favor of it & furnished to the Black Fox who went down for that purpose. Three Barrels of flour for them to eat while on that business. The Black Fox returned without effecting the object which I believe failed by some neglect or cause by the Chickasaws. —

Mr. D. Chipolm, Clark, Lyon, Hall or any other individual, never attempted to influence me in any public transactions. I have never had any speculation in lands or any other way since I came to the Agency in my business here I have been under no influence or control except that

that officially communicated by the Department of war.

I do not know who may succeed to the place you have held in the War department ~~But~~ am confident it will be well filled. — As this sin may be the last letter I may have the honor to address to you of a public nature, it may (perhaps) not be amiss for me in my own vindication to assure you on my sacred word of honor that, since the bowels of the earth have been torn up in search of Diamonds & the precious metals, there has not been enough feared to induce me to deviate from what accords with my conceptions of right. —

I wish you may be happy, & I am sure you will be, because you can look back on the past without regret, & forward with pleasing anticipation. —

I am very respectfully

your Ob^t. Servant

Return please.


Henry Dearborn Esq.
Secretary of War.

Dr Sir March the 18th 1809 No 1.

By Mr Baer you will be informed
of my misfortune which has hindered my
being up to high wafey - he would have
been with you severall days sooner if
it had not been for the high warts - which
rendered travelling quite impossible from this
Quarter - I send by him two horses the one
for Mr Trimble the attorney the other for
Mr Deans - I have desired him to call on
you and to be governed by you as to the
business with Trimble - I wish him to return
as quick as possible - he is to be directed
by you as to his return I shall be to see
you so quick as get able to ride my wound
is mending very fast - I am to remember
me to Timothy & his family - I am
Sir with Reale Esteem Yours

John D. Nicholas

I Refer you to no 2

NO 2

I hope Sir you will write me by the
Bear what prospects - from your late
Tower to the Federall City - I also beg
the favour of the Colonel to Lend me
the 4th volume of the Laws of the United
States also the volume that contains
the Treaties of hope will - I will
Bring them back with great care.

I am preparing to move over the
mapache this summer - all the
Indians are preparing in this quarter
for the same purpose - Nothing will
be done until I see you & have your
Council - pray Sir let me hear by
the return of walker the prospects -
Let me know how the European Business is
like to terminate - Dont fail to lend
me Laws, they will be used to no bad
purpose & I will Bring them up with me

me which will be as soon as possible
Return & my wound gets well

J. H. C.

22 4/6

Highwater Garrison

1st August 1811.

9898

I have received your letter of the 4th ult. stating your claim to a Negro man named Andrew in virtue of your having taken 1st Negro acting as deputy Sheriff of Mairy County as the property of John D. Christophel & that the said Negro before the day of intended sale made his escape. & that you was to pay the amount of such intended sale to the Creditors of John D. Christophel. "If successful in the suit." & to himself if no debt was recovered against him. ~~to the day of sale.~~ You observe that previous to the day of sale the Negro made his escape from your place. Is it not questionable whether you are accountable for said escape of the 1st Negro in such case. The same being as to you an accident & inevitable? I presume you cannot be accountable for events, which might possibly happen: such events being at the time beyond the reach of all human foresight. (Providence only could do this.) of this reason ~~will you~~ will you ~~accountability~~ accountability in this case ~~cannot be expected~~.

It is my duty conformably to my instructions to lend a listening ear to the complaints of the Cherokee. & as far as I can support their rights. The ~~statement~~ ^{claim} of Mrs. Nancy came to me in a credible shape. & backed & ~~supported~~ ^{approved} by the Head Chief & the Black Fox, & ~~two others~~ the path killer the second man in rank in the C. Nation & two others. Principal Chiefs. & The second the first husband of Nancy stated that on or about the middle of May some white men by four or five took the body of said Negro Andrew & carried him out of the Cherokee nation into the State of Tennessee & requested my aid to enable him to recover the property of his wife Nancy. all these ~~moving~~ ^{of the Indians} have the appearance of justice & propriety & will as good evidence to me of the right of Nancy as the nation of the case could furnish. The whole

more regular, than Indian transactions generally are.

The testimony or what you name the statements made by Moses Melton & Andrew Elliott before John Hamellon without any official signature. ~~only~~ are to be considered only as of a negative character & cannot be of weight to set aside the positive claim of Nancy ^{to do this other evidence will be necessary} Andrew Elliott in particular gives a history of transactions between ~~Chipolm~~ In. D. Chipolm. Esq: Chipolm and James Chipolm. I do not doubt the creditability of Melton or Elliot & that they have stated what they believe on the subject: but I am confident that no person on earth ~~except~~ the Chipolms & Nancy can unravel all the intricate & changeable transactions between these persons. Double headed Death has had a great effect on the concerns of the white citizens than that of any other Indian war had. Many reputable people are sufferers without a fault & yet the circumstances are such as that even Government cannot give them immediate relief, ^{but will at some future period} if even.

You will observe that the Seed the present husband of Nancy positively states that, some white man did "on or about the middle of May (1810) by force & violence take the body of a Negro Slave named Handy or Andee (meaning Andrew). The property of his wife Nancy a Cherokee woman, and carried the said Negro Slave from the Muscle Shoals into the State of Tennessee."

By the 4th Section of the act to regulate trade & intercourse with the Indian tribes, & to preserve peace on the frontiers the acts of the person or persons who by force & violence carried said negro from the Cherokee nation into the State of Tennessee are liable to be prosecuted for a breach of that law & their acts would be denominated by the language of that Act Robbery, Larceny, or trespass by the learned in the law: & the consequences of such prosecution will ^{as I think ought to be} immediate

Know all Men by these presents that
whereas I met on the 24th day of
November 1811 Charles, Saml Muck, Mrs.
Walker, John Laurry, Mr. McIntosh George
The Ridge, Dickson, The Gabbin, Mrs
McLennan, Duck, and Charles Gibbs on
behalf of the Cherokee, on the part
of the Nation and Thomas N. Clark
on his own part entered into a bond, that
the aforesaid parties shall refer all matters
in dispute between the said Clark and
the said Cherokee aforesaid, respecting
six hundred and fifty five acres of land
which the said Clark then
had and held on the Cherokee, on the
first day of February 1812, And where
as the John Brown and Isaac C. H.
McLennan was chosen as Arbitrator of the
above dispute by the parties, on the
first day of February aforesaid and after
having been duly sworn, and after
having duly examined the following
six hundred and fifty five acres of land
to wit No. 1st 1 acre bill
to the said Clark signed by John Armstrong
Clark of the committee, William L. Lovely
David M. Hain the said William L. Lovely
John Walker Richard Brown George
Laurry the Duck and John D. Chisler
for eleven hundred and fifty five dollars
on which there appears to be a balance
due to the said Clark of \$577.50

principal and eighty eight dollars and
fourteen cents interest -

No 2nd, ~~twenty days~~ due bill payable in
twenty days, issued by Charles Hicks pay-
able to Ketchum W. J. M. & Co. and due
at, New York for eighty dollars -

No 3rd, due bill for fifty dollars payable
to Pegg Corp. signed by Sequatchie &
testd by Charles Hicks in the presence, dated
the eighth of November 1805, transferred
from John Lowrey to ^{and} Clark and Lyon -

No 4, 1 due bill for \$662. payable to
Joseph Swin dated 6th of May 1807
signed by Richard Brown John Lowrey
John D. Chisler John Thompson George
Hector Black Fox path killer and the
G. Corp. signed by Joseph Swin to Clark and
Lyon dated the 29th ~~August~~ 1807 and admitted by the
committee of Indian claims 20th November 1811
in which due bill there is taken \$4. 42 ³/₄ cts

No 5, 1 due bill for the sum of \$263, 34 ¹¹/₁₆ cts dated
30th May 1811, signed by the Black Fox and
Indian chiefs, attested by John Ross & pay-
able to Thomas M. Clark

No 6, 1 due bill payable to Barney Bremer
for the sum of \$282, dated the 29th August
1807 signed by John D. Chisler Richard
Brown John Lowrey and John Thompson ad-
mitted by the Committee of Indian claims
20th November 1811 in which there are the
sum of \$31, 75 ¹¹/₁₆ cts interest, the amount of

of which above recited sum bills, we do award and
say, which is two thousand and fifty dollars
and seven cents fifty six in cents, We the said John
Brown and Isaac Sel, mean the aforesaid
Arbitrators therefore do award and say that
the said Thomas N. Clark is entitled to sum
and of the before recited Indian chiefs whose
names are subscribed to the before mentioned
arbitration Bond, a draft on the Agent of
the Cherokee Nation for the before recited sum
of two thousand and fifty dollars and fifty
seven cents, and that he do give and give return
and pay to the said Thomas N. Clark the aforesaid
sum of money according to the tenor
and affect of said Bond, and that the Indian
chiefs to wit John Lowrey, John Walker and
being then of the aforesaid Cherokee Nation and
after their make out a draft on the Agent
of the Cherokee Nation and deliver the same
to the said Thomas N. Clark for the aforesaid
sum of two thousand and fifty dollars
and fifty seven cents the day -

Given under our hands and seals this
15th day of February 1842

Return to Clerk.

Great Seal

L. S. Sel, Michael Sel

Arbitrators

John Brown
Arbitrator

I Do hereby acknowledge to have Received the
Sum of One Hundred & Fifty dollars in part
of the mition aforesaid As witness my hand & Seal
this 1 day of February 1812

Thomas A. Clark
[Signature]

2799

Dardin Ell Rock. Arkansas River June 28th 1842

Sir, after along serious Reflections & Silence I write you this small note, I cannot write extensively for the want of paper. I therefore shall only say to you that I am extremely glad to find you are still alive and in health, I am also alive and in good health, I shall be glad to explain all the transactions that ever occurred had I paper to do it on, as I have not I will only say this that I have been very unfortunate since I saw you by losing nearly all my property by accident. Two of Negroes run away from me on my Journey & returned back to the Cherokee nation, the one fellow Andy by name I am told he is in the possession of big Nance Double heads sister and that she says that you & Mr. Clark gave him to her for a little negro Double head owed her, I hope it is not true for Mr. Clark well knows I bought the S. Andy from him & paid him for S. Negro I should be glad to hear from you on the subject. & to know if I could get him by sending for. — I have been constant with Tollantisky and his party ever since he left the Old nation and doing their business & instructing them the best manner I know how they are well satisfied in this part of the world & also in S. I had I more paper I would give you a more full detail of the country, as I have not you must take Tollantisky's letter for information, I will give you a full detail by the next opportunity, in the mean time I shall always stand ready to serve you

and the Government, which has bin my constant practice
ever since I left you, although I have kept silence.

I conclude Sir by saying that I am your real
friend & Admirer

John. B. Chisholm

John B. Chisholm
Decr 28. 1817

Respectfully
Yours

John B. Chisholm

	To the amount of fortying brought forward	7682	00	
September	To cash paid Geo. Hedges for carting corn to the mill	1	50	
	To cash p ^d . Wm. M ^r . for 110 bushels of corn at 78	82	50	
	To cash paid Wm. Raper for corn for children	102	00	
April	To cash p ^d . at Downy farm for 50 barrels corn meal	150	00	
	To cash p ^d . Wm. Hedges for 16 barrels corn 95	15	00	
	To cash paid James Loring for 9 barrels corn	8	75	
	To cash paid Elias Bowman for 40 barrels corn	30	00	
	To cash paid Wm. M ^r . for 100 bushels corn at 78	78	00	
	To cash p ^d . at market for corn sent to Mr. Brown	50	00	
	To cash p ^d . from Mr. Allen for carting corn	10	00	
	To cash p ^d . In Wm. M ^r . for 20 barrels corn	10	00	7940 94
	To cash p ^d . for 500 bushels corn	207	00	
	To cash p ^d . Charles Hedges for services for the nation	200	00	
	To 421 Bushels corn delivered at my cost	270	50	
	To cash p ^d . Patrick Martin for 9 barrels corn	4	50	
	To cash Wm. M ^r . for 600 bushels of corn	200	00	
September	To cash d ^t . to James Dixon for	30	00	
	To cash d ^t . to John Taylor "	4	00	
	To cash p ^d . Bowen for corn 1200 bushels + Post.	835	00	1764 66
	To cash p ^d . for 270 bushels corn part delivered here and			
	part sent down to C. Brown	108	75	
	To 1000 bushels sent down at 50 cents per bushel	900	50	
	To 300 bushels sent down by Forkdale	150	00	
	To cash paid Richard Riley for loading and unloading a Boat with corn	15	62	
	To cash paid to Richard Riley	260	50	
	To 3 Boats at 45 ^{ts} and one 87 ^{ts}	222	50	
	To 1 d ^t . bought of Allen	37	00	1847 87
	To an Commission of 1 Boat & 3 bushels of corn	10	50	
	To 30 bushels corn at 62 ^{ts} cents	18	75	
	To 1 Boat let at Sakershire's of Jn ^o M ^r . Ghee	10	00	
	To cash paid George Smith for carting corn	1	50	
	To cash paid Patrick Martin for 9 bushels corn 62 ^{ts}	5	62	
	To cash paid Caleb Han for 216 bushels corn 50	108	00	
	To cash paid Paul M ^r . Reder for 157 bushels corn at 50 cents	78	50	
	To cash paid Jn ^o . M ^r . Ghee for 13 bushels corn 75	9	75	242 62
	To cash paid sewers Hammond by the hands of George Martin the fallowing of an Order having paid before 500 B to Capt. M ^r . Ghee	897	70	
	To cash paid Wallis Adam on order for 930 ^{ts} D one for 193.	1129	08	
	To cash paid on order in fav. Walter Blair	150	00	
	To cash paid do. in fav. James Blair	407	00	
	To cash paid for an O. Brandon for corn meal at 2 ^{ts} at Sakershire's mill	77	00	
	To cash furnished Col. R. Brown for 50	50	00	
	Nashville			
	To cash paid Genl Jackson for 500 bushels corn	500	00	3574 23
	brought forward	8155	15	40

To the amount of fasting brought forward		15315 42
To Cash paid William for ferry rent his allowance	35 00	
To Cash paid Alex. Mc Coy on an order	300 00	
To Cash paid Edward Ginter	59 25	
To Cash paid James Ore	493 47	
To do do on the order for	100 00	
To Cash to the Ridge	21 00	
To Cash = Prayers Order on Major Walker	20 00	
To Cash paid Bryant Lebb for 150 cords of	125 00	11 53 72
To Cash paid Tituskee by James Brown	300 00	
To Cash paid Samuel Ginter & to Alex. Mc Coy	75 00	
To Cash paid Robert Brown & to Charles Hark	450 00	
To Cash paid Geo. Harris & to do	475 00	
To Cash paid to Monist & to S. Haynes	60 00	
To Cash & the balance of Robert Brown's order	531 50	
To Cash & an order in favor Big Wolf Breed	522 25	
To Cash & " " James Nickelson	30 00	22 43 75
To Cash & " " Ridge	181 00	
To Cash & " " Peggy Hughes	25 00	
To Cash & to the Ridge at Turkey town	5 00	
To Cash & to In. Walker Major	80 00	
To Cash paid to James for the same	500 00	
To Cash paid George Hartman on an order	27 00	
To Cash paid Chesapeake co. Lee	15 00	
To Cash paid George Saunders on an order	284 00	
To Cash paid a due Bill to Sarah Waters	130 00	
To Cash paid James R. Whiffledon	62 50	13 59 50
To Cash paid David Mc Nair	25 00	
To Cash paid Hall & Brown	61 66	
To Cash paid the Alex	4 00	
To Cash paid Charles Towce	85 00	
To Cash paid George Miller	5 00	
To Cash paid Jesse Mann	12 00	192 66
To Cash paid a due Bill on account	60 00	
To Cash paid Ephraim Walker for Corn	4 00	
To Cash paid an order in favor Dr. Leedy	10 00	
To Cash paid In. Brown on an order	30 00	
To Cash paid Buffalo Fish	25 00	
To Cash 1000	100 00	1129 00

Washington City July 22 1814

Sir

I arrived here yesterday morning - in the very height of Bufile - occasioned by an alarm that the British were landing a force, within four miles of this place, proved not to be true - I believe that there is more false reports on fact in this quarter than ever was heard of - I am not able to form any idea of what will be the event of my business - yesterday I had a small & short interview with Secretary of war and delivered my papers. he very deliberately read them over - he then told me that he could not give me any answer nor say nothing on the subject until he had a conference on the subject with president - He then enclosed the papers and immediately sent them to the president he then told me that so soon as he could see the president he would send for me - I have heard nothing more - I fear I shall be detained some time -

I may thank the Darned British for the Delay
It seems they have Landed about 15-landed about
Seventeen or Eighteen miles below at place called
Calvert County - Burnt the Court house & plundered two
Tobacco Ware houses of a large quantity of Tobacco & burnt
the ware house & all public Buildings of the ^{County} with all
the papers & Records of the County - They also Burnt
Generall Wilkersons Dwelling house & all his property
and Carried off all his Negroes & other property - They
have it, ^{is} will give the Generall a terrible stroke
in regard to his property - the honorable -
Return J. Meggs port master Generall is well &
have seen him this morning at his office - I have
my doubts on my business - but I shall try all in my
power - I fancy emigrations will be great to the western
World - they are running their Negroes from the sea shores
in every direction to keep the from the British - great
god Sir it would make your heart bleed to know how many
lives there is in this quarter - some thinks the

Militia of Maryland cannot be depended on to defend
themselves - I hope it is not true - if an opportunity
should offer to Arkansas I will thank you to Mr. Love
of my family here from - particularly old Father & Son.
I hope you have returned safe from your tour to the
Creeks - I am Sir with Respects Dear Yours

Colonel

John D. Chipman

Bellevue, N.Y.

1834

Dr The United States in $\%$ with Return $\frac{1}{2}$ Mills for certain expenses in the Cherokee Nation Br
in the 2nd & 3rd quarters of 1814.

^{1814.} Novem.^r To the balance due as stated in the account current for the 1st quarter of 1814 To the amount of disbursements in the 2^d & 3^d quarters of 1814 &c. marked A To the amount of disbursements contingencies same quarters B	1796 03 A 5471 82 B 1183 38 8451 23 \$ 8281 23 \$ 8451 23	¹⁸¹⁴ June 4 " 30 October By a draft on the Secretary of war in favor of Mr. Graham receiver of Public Monies in Madison County M. Territory By a draft on the Secretary of war in favor of Mr. Graham receiver of public monies in Madison County M. Territory By a draft on the Secretary of war in favor of Mr. Graham receiver of public monies in Madison County M. Territory By the sale of 1 Shay horse at S. Williams By the sale of 1 Shay horse at " " By bank advanced by the secretary of War to Mr. D. Chisholm charged to me as stated in the secretary's letter dated 30 June 1814 the said charge will now be cancelled by this Cr. By the balance due	2405 00 2698 00 1655 00 48 50 35 80 200 00 374 30 7132 30 1318 93 \$ 8451 23
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Copy of a note
signed & executed
in favor of L. D. Chisholm
by 20 Cherokee Chiefs
on Arkansas River

assigned to Samuel
Mosely for value
received. Certified
by the Agent
Wm B. Lowery

\$ 2407.45

89/17/25
Cherokee Village on the River Arkansas the 23rd May 1814

For Value received we promise to pay to John B. Chisholm or Order the Sum of two thousand four hundred and seven Dollars and eighty five Cents and do direct that Major William C. Lovely, our Agent his Successor or Successors in Office do pay the same by annual Instalments of two hundred Dollars per Annum out of our Annuity untill the whole is paid commencing with this present Years Annuity. In Testimony whereof we have hereunto set our Hands and Seals this 23rd May 1814.

We do also direct that if the President of the United States shall see proper he may and he is hereby authorized to pay the aforesaid Sum of two thousand four hundred and seven Dollars and eighty five Cents to said John B. Chisholm or Order out of the general

Annuity for the Cherokees upon Presentation of this Witness our Hands and Seals this
 twenty third May 1854

John Lok of the House	X	Seal
The Little Hunter	X	Seal
Queenie of the Kee	X	Seal
Kacuttoke	X	Seal

Tallontsky	X	Seal
Little Tanken	X	Seal
Zuatowsky	X	Seal
Limmer	X	Seal
Chactaw	X	Seal
Loe in the Water	X	Seal
Wananell	X	Seal
Watersmiller	X	Seal
Nelakowe	X	Seal
Kutterington	X	Seal
Kahd of the Cow	X	Seal
Willstamy	X	Seal
Nami	X	Seal
John Briggs	X	Seal
Chickelley	X	Seal
Tom Crates	X	Seal

for Value received. please pay the Within to Samuel Mosley or Order. May the 23rd 1814
as witness my Hand and Seal

John L. Chisholm Seal

Test

W. M. L. S. Lovely,

The Within Note was obtained by J. L. Chisholm from the Chickasaw
for Debt due him from said Nation, agreed to in my presence. W. M. L. S. Lovely Agent

23rd May 1814.

An abstract of Disbursements made by Return Meigs Agent for the United States in the Cherokee Nation on account of Indian Department in the 4th quarter of the year 1814.

Date of Payment	No.	Payments to whom made	Nature of Disbursements	\$.	cts.	Whole Amount.
1814 November 4	1	John Tolly, a Cherokee	For pack horse hire to Fort Snodden & Fort Jackson to attend the Creek treaty being a ^{4th quarter} being a 4th quarter	31	00	
" 6	2	Ezra Morrison	" Weavers Needles & Needles for Cherokees domestic manufactures	20	97	
" 9	3	Samuel M. Daniel	" Blacksmiths work for the Cherokees	32	37	
" 11	4	Samuel Riley	" Horse hire & other expenses on a tour to Huntsville, Md. for money for this	64	00	
" 20	5	George Smith	" Blacksmiths work for the Cherokee Ammunition	15	00	
" 22	6	James Chisholm	" Assisting the Cherokee Chiefs on their southern frontier in aid of war measures	50	00	
December 12	7	Samuel M. Daniel	" Blacksmiths work for the Cherokees	180	25	
" 15	8	Samuel M. Daniel	" Stationary for music rolls &c for the Cherokee boys	5	00	687 59
" 18	9	M. P. L. Novace	" Printing Muster rolls, pay rolls &c for a ^o	14	00	
" 18	10	Thos. a Cherokee	" 12 large spinning wheels and one Loom for Cherokees	32	00	
" 22	11	Smith, son, &c. &c.	" Blacksmiths work for Cherokees	32	75	
1815 January 31	12	Richard Taylor Intendant	" Salary & subsistence for the 4 th quarter of 1814	102	60	
" 1	13	Moses Roddy	" 1 stake oven for the militia at the Garrison	3	80	
" 1	14	William McAdister	" Pack horse hire to Fort Snodden & Fort Jackson at the Creek treaty	24	00	
" 3	15	William Payne	" black hire making pay & receipt rolls for the Cherokee boys	13	75	
" 4	16	Lepe Pilchard	" Making 3 Coffins for militia soldiers who died at the Garrison	8	00	
" 5	17	Young Wolfe	" Indemnity for a horse killed by a Soldier at Fort Baker	20	00	248 90
" 16	18	Leve Robertson	" 3 Spinning wheels repairing one wheel	11	50	
" 18	19	William Thomson	" Tracking horses for Cherokee orders to Fort Jackson to attend the Creek treaty	27	00	
" 18	20	Samuel M. Daniel	" Blacksmiths work for the Cherokees	159	87	
" 19	21	M. Richmond	" do do	28	83	
" 20	22	James M. Daniel	" do do	65	00	
" 23	23	John Hildbrand	" His wages & subsistence for the 2 nd , 3 rd & 4 th quarter of 1814	150	04	
" 31	24	Samuel Riley, Intendant	" His salary & subsistence for the 4 th quarter of 1814	102	60	
" 1	25	James M. Daniel	" do do	91	25	
" 1	26	Samuel Riley	" His account for horse hire & expenses on a tour to Huntsville for money for this	24	00	659 34
" 1	27	Wison Morgan	" Cotton bands & Steel for Cherokees and P. band Wounds for the Garrison	121	00	
" 1	28	Campbell & Haynes	" do do	42	00	
" 1	29	do	" Supper & Butch Oven for the Garrison	23	08	
February 4	30	Chin. ne. bee.	" Storage furnished to the troops at Fort Snodden in November 1815	12	50	
" 8	31	Timothy Meigs	" Gunpowder, Stationary, Hospital stores, Coffins & articles for the Internment of three soldiers	32	98	
" 1	32	"	" Black hire in the Office of the Agent	32	50	
" 1	33	"	" Cotton bands, Tobacco, & Articles to Cherokee families who had their heads or ears	304	46	573 52
						2159 85

An Abstract of Disbursements made by Timothy Meigs Agent for the United States residing in the
Cherokee Nation on account of Indian Department in the 2^d & 3^d quarters of the year 1814

Date of payment	No.	Payments to whom made	Nature of Disbursements	\$	6 ^{ts}	amount
May 3 ^d	1	Timothy Meigs	Articles furnished to the Cherokees in January & February 1814	2405	00	
" 31	2	John Hays	Boating com down the Tennessee river for the Cherokees	5	00	
June 4	3	Richard Taylor	Carriage of money from Nashville	26	00	
" 11	4	John Greene	Indemnity for a cow killed by a Cherokee	12	00	
" 13	5	Henry Froehner	Blacksmith work for Cherokees	26	25	
" 16	6	Lee, Guel, & Co	Beave of a large packet of letters from the A ^g t. Agent on Arkansas river	8	00	
" "	7	Dr. Mc. Intosh	Indemnity for a cow killed by a soldier of the Arkansas Militia of Tennessee	12	00	2494 25
" 18	8	Lizzy Robinson	3 Spinning wheels for Cherokees	10	00	
" 24	9	William Smith	Boating com from S. W. point to Highways	6	00	
" "	10	William Richmond	Blacksmith work for Cherokees	56	29	
" "	11	Do	Shoeing horses. Tomahawks. Spears & repairing Arms for Cherokee warriors	15	15	
" 26	12	William Garret	Boating com for the Cherokees on Tennessee river	6	25	
" "	13	David Edington	Loading & unloading com for the Cherokees	2	00	
" "	14	William Gamble	Boating com for	3	75	129 44
" 27	15	John Brown	Blacksmith work for Cherokees	16	75	
" "	16	Do	Shoeing horse repairing furs &c for Cherokees	18	96	
" 20	17	Samuel Hall	Do for Cherokees	22	00	
July 13	18	Elijah Hicks	Carrying & measuring 4 boats loaded with com for the Cherokees at Hopkings	46	00	
" 18	19	Hall & Rodis	Lead for the Garrison at Highways	25	00	
" 17	20	Richard Taylor (Interpreting)	His salary & subsistence for the 2 ^d quarter of 1814	99	86	
" "	21	Bills	Back horse hire to Fort Smith	7	50	236 07
" 19	22	James Cowan	Issuing com to Cherokees which com had been deposited at his place	2	00	
" "	23	James Cowan (Interpreting)	His salary & subsistence for the 2 ^d q ^r of 1814	91	25	
" 21	24	Edw. Ridge a Cherokee warrior	Gun powder for the Cherokee warriors	60	00	
" "	25	Wm. May	Blacksmith work for Cherokees	43	12	
" 30	26	James Mc. Daniel	do do do	45	00	
August 23	27	John Hays	Service as pack horse man on 2 teams into the Creek nation	24	00	
" 25	28	Richard Taylor	Home hire into the Creek nation to Fort Jackson	17	00	
" 27	29	Benjamin Coffman	Weavers Siles or Reeds for manufactures amongst the Cherokee families	22	25	309 62
" 27	30	Phillip & Abel	Mason work repairing the underpinning wall of the Agency house	6	00	
" 28	31	George Fulas	Boating com for Cherokees	1	50	
September 1	32	John D. Chisholm	For his services & expenses on a mission from Arkansas river to the seat of government with Despatch	534	26	
" 9	33	Lepe White	Gun powder for the Garrison Highways	15	00	
" 10	34	Lizzy Robinson	5 Spinning wheels for Cherokee domestic manufactures	316	66	
" 14	35	Richard Williams	2 do do do	6	66	
" 15	36	Samu Boyd	Blacksmith work for Cherokees	35	40	
" "	37	Bills	do do do	25	50	
" 38	38	May, A. Walker & Co. Union	His account for recruiting & supplies for Cherokee warriors acting under his command at the Cherokee	327	75	1015 73
Oct. 1	39	Samuel Riley (Interpreting)	His salary & subsistence for the 2 ^d & 3 ^d q ^r of 1814	202	66	
" "	40	James Cowan	" " for the 3 ^d quarter of 1814	91	25	
" "	41	Richard Taylor (Interpreting)	His salary & subsistence for the 3 ^d quarter of 1814	102	60	
Sept. 28	42	Timothy Meigs	For sundry articles for Cherokees & for Stationery for the Garrison	541	35	737 66
Oct. 1	43	Charles Hicks	Service & expenses in collecting the claims of Cherokees for damages sustained from the militia	143	10	
Sept. 30	44	Charles Gamble	Reeling Hay Horses brought out of the Cherokee station	65	92	
" 27	45	Richard Taylor	Horse hire & expenses sending to the Cherokee Councils concerning the Cherokees again	10	00	
Oct. 2	46	Lizzy Robinson	For 13 spinning wheels for the Cherokees	23	33	
" 4	47	Samuel Riley	Cotton Cards & for Lead for the Cherokees	27	75	
" "	48	Bills	Horse hire & expenses on a journey to M ^o harring for money for public	26	62	
" 12	49	William Woods	4 Spinning wheels for Cherokees	13	33	
" 27	50	Samu Mc. Daniel	Blacksmith work for the Cherokees	48	00	378 05
" 31	51	Wm. May	do do do	34	25	5303 52
Nov. 1	52	George Calville	do do do	21	25	55 50
" "	53	Nathan Wilkinson	33 donkey - 1 large spinning wheel for Cherokees	2	3359 32	112 50
						\$ 5471 52

Cherokee Agency on the Arkansas
Return I Merig Esq
27th May 1845

to the War Department
Highwaysee Garrison
Office

Yr by the Hand of

Wm John B Chisholm Dated 31st of Aug 1845
Have duly received

I have kept a correspondence with you
Wm Clark has respect the Indians under my
agency. & have at the same time mention my
opinion has related the Osages & other Broken
tribes. The Osages are forever sending deputations
& by every one around their firm attachment
to the government of the United States their
reasons for sending deputations to me is because
they have entirely separated from the other Osages
& that they wish to have nothing to do with neither
them nor their agent. Now Mr P Chotau
their reasons as far as I can understand is owing
to the unfriendly disposition of Mous. Chotau
& the White Hair Osages towards the United States

Here enclosed I send you the Communication
which I have send. I John Armstrong or to the
Secretary ^{of War} whoever he may be for I am ignorant of

all sorts news. You will find Herewith all my Commu-
nication with G. W. Clark enclosed to the Secretary of
War. You will see a very great alteration in the second
first communication of his last —

You will perceive among the papers enclosed
to you for the Secretary of War Copies of a letter from
Some Gentlemen to whom I have given positive
permission to establish a Salt Works near
the Osage village, a Work of this kind is
essentially necessary to the good of the Indians
& others of this Country having to give \$30 often
for salt for Bannocks I wish you therefore to write
to G. W. Clark & the Secretary of War on the
subject.

as to my emoluments being raised to enable
me to perform the duty of my office I think it neces-
sary not only for that but to enable me to live
as I ought to do, now I have to give \$20 & 25 / 100 Bannocks
for Moccasins, \$1 for Coffee & every thing else in propor-
tion. I shall certainly always correspond with
you thinking not only a duty but a respect I
owe to a sincere friend.

Respectfully

I have the Honour to be
Yr. Most Obedt Servt

Wm. L. G. Wiley

Wm. L. G. Wiley & myself wishes you, Timothy & all
your family to accept to our sincerest friendship
God Bless you —
W. L. G.

St. Louis May 2nd 1846

Sir Governor Clark will write to you and
inclose a copy of the Talk delivered by the
Commissioners to the Cherokee Chiefs. From
which you will perceive the manner in
which their complaints have been attended
to — I have it in charge from the Commis-
sioners to inform you that I have this day
settled and paid off Mr. Chisholm's acct
of expenses incurred in bringing up the
Chiefs with his own compensation of three
Dollars per day from the 2nd April up to
the 20th May when he expects to arrive at
home and ^{has} furnished him with money to
bear their expenses back amounting to
Three Hundred and Twenty Dollars eighty
seven and a half cents \$320.87½

I am respectfully Sir
Yr Obedt. Servant
R. Wash Secy. to the
Commission

Dear Sir

Spring Creek the Lower End of the
much shall

Aug 10 1817

I have observed in one of the
Vashell papers a part of Genl Jacksons Treaty with the
Cherokee, that the shall be Commissioners appointed to
Take the Census of the Tribe &c. I have been happy
in that country but not yet
the Journey & would be glad to go should you desire
the appointment or orders to send, I should take it
as a particular Favour if you would send me for that
purpose should you have not that appointment
to make I will greatly be obliged to you for your interest
with the Treasury Department for that place, I am
acquainted with a number of them that has gone to that
country & will with John D. Chickholm whom I have
known but particular Business with, should the
be Two Commissioners required. Mr Simons Harris
a Brother in law of Genl Coffee Begg, one to mention his
name to you for one ready to go on the Business -

I have just heard of the Death of my old
acquaintance Capt Lacey in that Country should his
place want to be filled with an other agent please
give me your interest in that but I shall be glad to have
the appointment to give - Sir a few lines from
you I would to Gambel Ferry the Lower End of the Creek
to one will put one from Sarpent on the business.

if you please forget me or want any Confirmation
of my Character Refer you to Major Genl Jackson
& Genl Coffee whom I have been known by these
many years in fact Sir I am Respectfully
Yours most Obedt Servt

James Kelley

Col. Return J. Meigs

Letter from the Head
Chief Cherokee on
Arkansas coming
2. Ochsholm in May

Col. Return J. N. Sigsbee

Forward by W. O. Chisholm

1883

Colonell Hays

Our Father and friend

We send you this talk
by our two friends John D Chisholm &
James Rogers who we have in a full
Counsell chosen and sent to do our
business with you and our Father the
President and General Jackson and
the Chiefs of the 8th Nation. We have
directed them first to speak with you
the severall points of our business.

You are our Father and friend.

We hope you will give them every assistance
in your power they will be advised by you
They can tell you all our concerns and
situation. Mr Chisholm can give every
information he understands all the matter
of this Country and our people - they have
to travell a long way and we have no funds
to help them - Father if you can help them
you will do us a great favour. They will show
you the paper we have given them to

transact and Do our Business and take
your Directions. We have taken our
Numbers as correct as we can which we
make to be 3700. We think we are more
if correctly done. We are your Children
the Chiefs of the Cherokee League on
the Arkansas River.

We are your friend and Brothers
their

Kaattokah X

Tallan Tushie X

Black Fox X

Sandwich X

Waterman X

Whine X

Thomas Caves X

marks

then the nation Aug 3^d 1817

Gentlemen

It is my constant belief, that I have been a useful

from the country of the Cherokees & Valleys

as being a person of distinguished character

And there is a report of

was as impartial, as honest, to call on

the agent of the Nation to know of, when

The Cause of her Agony in Her Affliction.

Of which there has been a complaint

Logan agent for Father by Indian in

Entered at the office of the Clerk of the Court of the County of Essex, this 10th day of March, 1888.

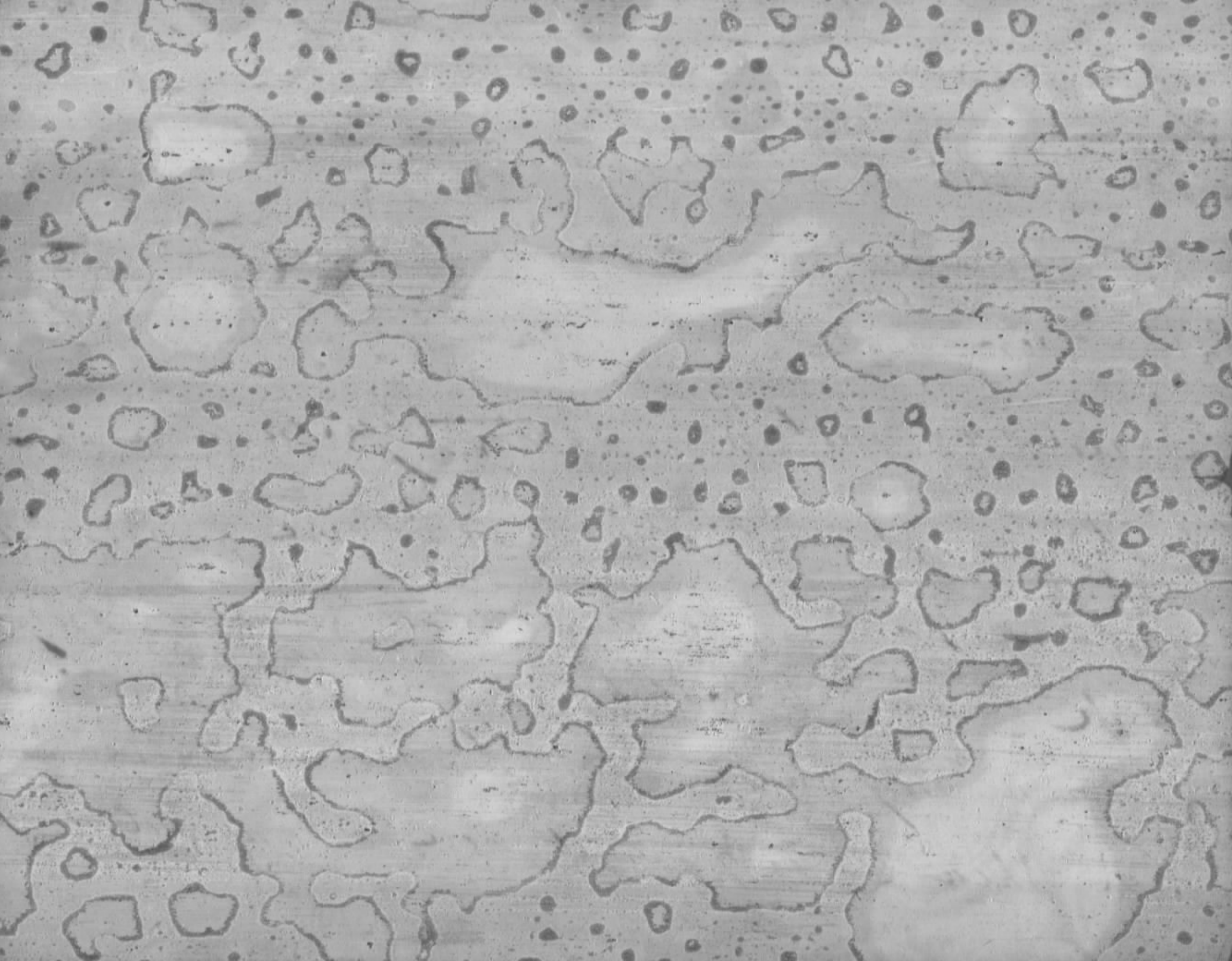
Yours - as to the Interference of any

Whole person. Resident amongst the Indians.

...pave my way to cross over the River

with Mea County and here Monfront,

Wm. H. Halliday shall be admitted to the
Cone of Social Science to sit in the
in any manner to assist in the
Herald of the 1st of Jan. 1878
Respectfully
Yours
Wm. H. Halliday



Charles Hicks Letter

31st May 1817

Suspects that W. Chesham
will kill the men at the
Muscle Shoals to gen.
A. Jackson & co.

3675

Fayetteville May 31 1817

Sir I am this moment informed that John
D Cheslain is gone unto Nashville to sell to
General Andrew Jackson Commissioner of the
res. the resumed lands lying at the mouth of the
is really called Doublehead river which Genl
Jackson had through your head was part of the
Treaty till the 20th of next month & under the
having some concern in Doublehead affair
on which my niece children are highly interested
in the resumed lands and I request through
you to stop the sale of the resumed lands till
it is done publicly at the Agency Office so
that some settlement can be made with you that
my niece can get some part of the property arising
from the sales of the said resumed lands and your
answer by the Express man will be thankfully
recd

I am Sir respectfully
Yours obedient servant

C. Hicks

Local Return Selling
Agent War Department

Sir

Wakers Creek Oct 29 - 1878
Mount County

I beg leave to introduce to your attention young ^{Ellis} Mr. Grisolin son of the widow Grisolin concerning whose business I was speaking to you some time ago, relative to transactions between Fuller Grisolin and Capt. Chislin at the Muscle Shoals, as respects the land purchas'd by S. Grisolin a letter has been forwarded on to Mr. Grundy of West Tennessee an answer to which has not yet been rec'd. Mr. Grisolin wishes your information ^{how to proceed} about a number of Cattle which his Father left in the care of S. Chislin and which he understood Chislin sold to a Mr. Bean - likewise he wishes to procure an order from you to Chislin's Executors for a Pocket Book containing papers and notes of hand which is entirely unconnected with any business between Grisolin & Chislin and which was taken away when Chislin removed

west of the Mississippi - if any thing
can be done towards remunerating
the Widow and Children for the
Cattle thus dispos'd of by Chism
as well as procuring the Pocket book
and papers of S^r. Grism I have
no doubt you will put Mr. Grism
on a train whereby it can be
accomplish'd - With high respect
A. B.

Y^r Esteem I am

In conversation with Mr. Flowers
not long ago, he told me that Capt. Chism
made a will and left
his Interest in the land
at the Muple Shoals
to pay his debts, there
may be a lien of this
kind on those lands if
so, it would be in favour
of his creditors -

Yours obt. Serv^t
A. B. and family